



Installation and Operation Manual

HyperDeck Disk Recorders

February 2017



Welcome

We hope you share our dream for the television industry to become a truly creative industry by allowing anyone to have access to the highest quality video.

Our range of HyperDeck disk recorders have made it easier and more affordable than ever to record and play back full 10 Bit uncompressed video and now Ultra HD! HyperDeck records directly to removable 2.5" Solid State Disks (SSDs) and SD cards that are getting bigger, faster and more affordable every day. It's incredible that you can now record and play the most amazing quality video onto something so small thousands of times without any degradation in quality!

SSDs and SD cards can also be connected to any computer for immediate editing and fast transfer of your media. With no moving parts, they are unbelievably robust and can handle harsh conditions that would destroy conventional hard drives and videotapes!

You can bypass unwanted camera compression and record directly from HDMI or SDI cameras and even connect to any HDMI or SDI monitor for instant playback.

The HyperDeck Studio Mini model is a small and portable, modular Ultra HD disk recorder that records on tiny SD cards. With HyperDeck Studio Pro, you can connect analog sources and also record and play back Ultra HD with 6G-SDI. The HyperDeck Studio 12G model can record even higher frame rates in Ultra HD up to 60 fps!

If you need longer recording times, then HyperDeck also records and plays back Apple ProRes and Avid DNx files. These 10 Bit quality codecs retain fantastic picture quality and increase the recording length of your media by more than 5 times!

This instruction manual contains all the information you need to start using your HyperDeck disk recorder. For uncompressed recording you need to use an SSD that supports the required data speed and we are continually adding details on our website of new SSDs that we have tested.

Please check the support page at www.blackmagicdesign.com for the latest version of this manual and updates to the HyperDeck software. Keeping your software up to date will always ensure you get all the latest features. When downloading software, please register with your information so we can keep you updated when new software is released. We are constantly working on new features and improvements, so we would love to hear from you!

A stylized, handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Grant Petty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a long, sweeping underline for the "y" in "Petty".

Grant Petty

CEO Blackmagic Design

Contents

HyperDeck Disk Recorders

Getting Started	4	Adding Titles	35
Recording	6	Adding Audio Tracks	36
Playback	9	Color Correcting your Clips	36
HyperDeck Status Indicators	11	Using Scopes	37
About SSDs and SD Cards	11	Secondary Color Correction	39
Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup	17	Qualifying a Color	39
Control Panel Display Menu	20	Adding a Power Window	40
RS-422 Control	23	Tracking a Window	41
Connecting to an ATEM Switcher	28	Using Plugins	42
Understanding Post Production Workflows	29	Mastering your Edit	42
Using DaVinci Resolve	30	Developer Information	44
Introducing DaVinci Resolve	30	Blackmagic HyperDeck Ethernet Protocol	44
Importing your Clips	31	Protocol Commands	44
Editing your Clips	31	Protocol Details	45
Trimming Clips	33	Help	54
Mapping Keyboard Shortcuts	33	Regulatory Notices and Safety Information	55
Adding Transitions	34	Warranty	56

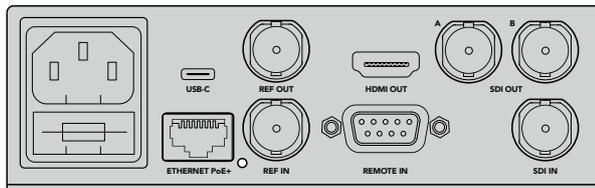
Getting Started

Getting Started with Blackmagic HyperDeck

Getting started with your HyperDeck disk recorder is as easy as connecting power, plugging in your video sources and destination equipment to your HyperDeck's inputs and outputs and inserting your SSDs or SD cards.

Plugging in Power

Simply plug a standard IEC cable to your HyperDeck's power input on the rear panel.



Connect power to your HyperDeck Studio using a standard IEC power cable

Plugging in Video and Audio

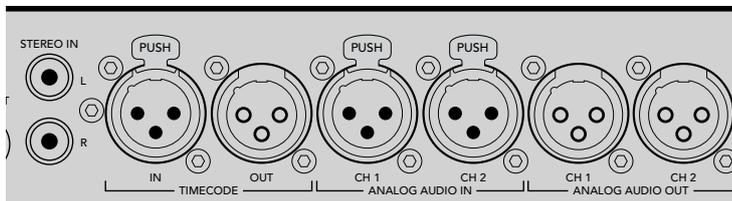
Plug your source video to the SDI or HDMI inputs, and your destination equipment to the SDI or HDMI outputs.

HyperDeck Studio 12G has 12G-SDI connectors so you can input or output Ultra HD up to 2160p60 using a single BNC cable.

HyperDeck Studio Pro provides additional inputs and outputs for connecting video equipment that supports single link, dual link or quad link Ultra HD.

Plugging in Analog Audio and Timecode on HyperDeck Studio Pro

If you want to connect analog audio sources to HyperDeck Studio Pro, plug into the XLR or RCA connectors. To select your desired audio input, simply press the 'input' button on the front control panel to cycle through combinations of video and audio inputs. For example, SDI + XLR, SDI + RCA, and more. External timecode can also be connected to and from your HyperDeck Studio Pro via the timecode XLR input and output connectors.



HyperDeck Studio Pro lets you plug in external analog audio and timecode via the rear panel XLR connectors. You can even plug in analog audio from audio equipment such as iPods and HiFi systems via the RCA inputs.

Plugging in SSDs and SD Cards

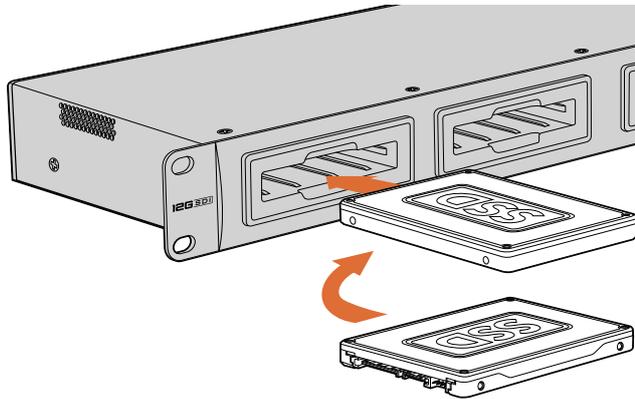
All HyperDeck models ship ready to record immediately without having to configure any settings. All you need is a formatted SSD or SD card.

You can easily format media via the front LCD based menu settings. You can also format using a computer.

Refer to the 'About SSDs and SD Cards' section in this manual for more information on how to format, the types of media that are best for recording video and a list of recommended drives and cards.

To plug in an SSD:

- 1 Hold a 9.5mm SSD with the connection pins facing the bottom and aligned with your HyperDeck's drive bay. Gently push the SSD into the drive bay until you feel it slot into place.
- 2 Your HyperDeck will verify the SSD. This is shown by an illuminated green light surrounding the drive bay. When the light or indicator turns off and the 'stop' button on the control panel is illuminated, your HyperDeck is ready to record.

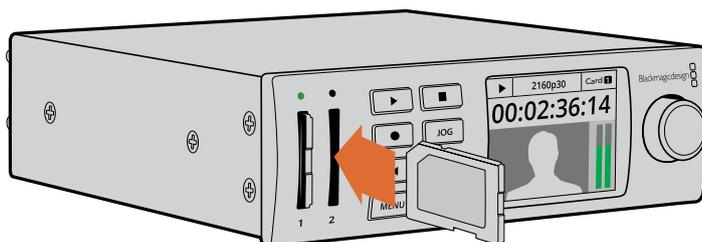


Hold your SSD with the connection pins facing the bottom, aligned with your HyperDeck's drive bay and gently push the SSD into the drive bay until you feel it slot into place

To plug in an SD card:

- 1 Hold the SD card with the gold connectors facing your HyperDeck's LCD and align it with the media slot. Now gently push the card into the slot until you feel it lock firmly into place.
- 2 Your HyperDeck will verify the SD card. This is shown by an illuminated green indicator above the SD card slot. When the indicator turns off and the stop button on the control panel is illuminated, your HyperDeck is ready to record.

To remove the card, gently push until you feel it click, then release. The card will eject a short distance, allowing you to hold the edge of the card and remove it from the slot.



Gently push the SD card into the slot until you feel it click into place

Recording

Recording Ultra HD and HD video with HyperDeck

HyperDeck models that support Ultra HD video record compressed Ultra HD using Apple ProRes, plus Avid DNxHR on HyperDeck Studio 12G and HyperDeck Studio Mini. All HyperDeck models can record HD video using ProRes and DNxHD codecs. HyperDeck Studio models that record on SSDs can also record uncompressed HD.

Recording Video with HyperDeck Studio Mini

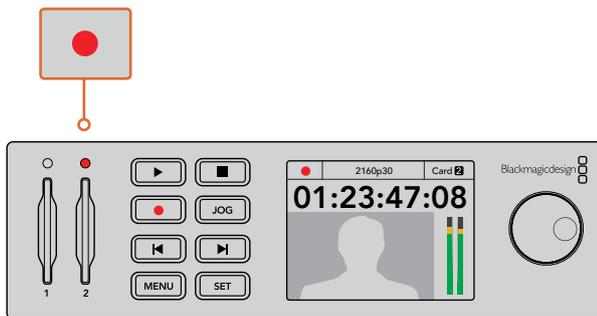
HyperDeck Studio Mini can record compressed HD and Ultra HD video up to 2160p30 via 6G-SDI.

To record video:

- 1 Insert your formatted SD card into either of the SD card slots. The indicator above the slot will illuminate green as your HyperDeck reads the card. When the indicator turns off, HyperDeck Studio Mini is ready to record.
- 2 HyperDeck Studio Mini automatically detects when SDI video is connected and displays the image on the control panel LCD.

If you want to change the codec, you can choose from a variety of codecs using the control panel LCD menu or the Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup utility software. For more information, refer to the 'control panel display menu' section, or 'Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup/selecting your video format'.
- 3 Press the 'record' button and the indicator above the slot will illuminate red.

As your HyperDeck is recording, the slot indicator on the control panel LCD will alternate between displaying the active slot, and record time remaining on the card.
- 4 Press the 'stop' button to finish recording.



The indicator above the SD card slot illuminates red when recording video

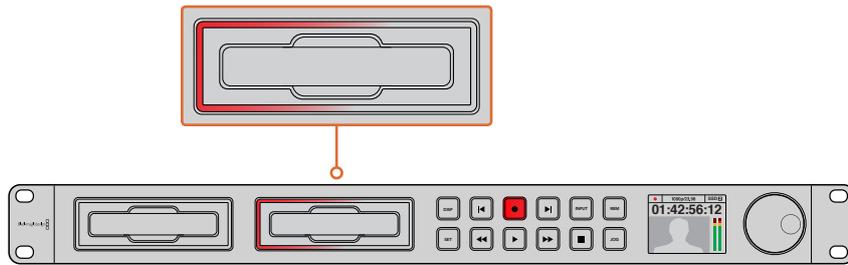
Recording Video with HyperDeck Studio SSD Models

- 1 Insert your formatted SSD into either SSD slot. The LED strip surrounding the drive will illuminate green as HyperDeck reads the disk. When the slot light turns off, your HyperDeck is ready to record.
- 2 Press the input button on the control panel to cycle through your HyperDeck's inputs. When your connected source is selected, it will appear on the control panel LCD.

For HyperDeck Studio Pro, pressing the input button will also cycle through combinations of video and audio connections, for example SDI + SDI, SDI + XLR, and SDI + RCA. This lets you record SDI or HDMI video with external audio.

If you want to record using a different codec, you can choose from a variety of codecs using the control panel LCD menu or the HyperDeck Setup utility software. See the 'control panel display menu' section, or 'Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup/selecting your video format' section for more information.

- 3 Press the 'record' button to start recording instantly. A looping red light on the SSD slot indicates the SSD is recording.
- 4 Press the 'stop' button to finish your recording.



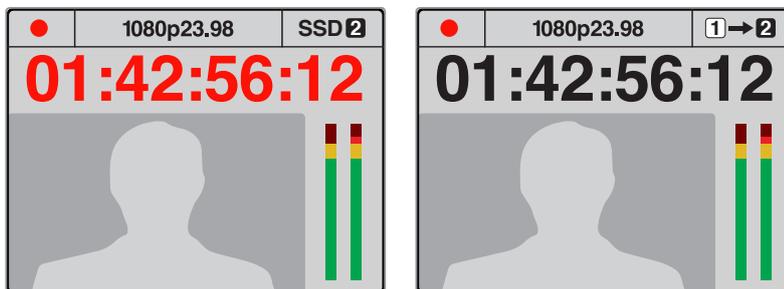
On HyperDecks with SSD slots, the slot indicator will illuminate red to show the unit is recording

TIP If HyperDeck records from a video source that contains closed caption data, the QuickTime or MXF movie will be recorded as well as a separate .MCC file containing the closed caption data.

Recording using Dual Media Slots

When there is less than 3 minutes of record time remaining on your SD card or SSD, the timecode counter on your HyperDeck's LCD will turn red and the 'stop' button will flash slowly.

This also means there is no second disk with space that recording can continue onto. In this case, you simply need to insert a disk with space so recording can continue. Once you insert a blank disk into the slot that's not being used for recording, the slow flashing will stop and this means HyperDeck can continue to record, because this second disk has been checked ok and there is space to keep recording.



If you have less than three minutes of recording time left on your current disk and no formatted media in your HyperDeck's second slot, the timecode indicator will turn red indicating your recording is about to stop.

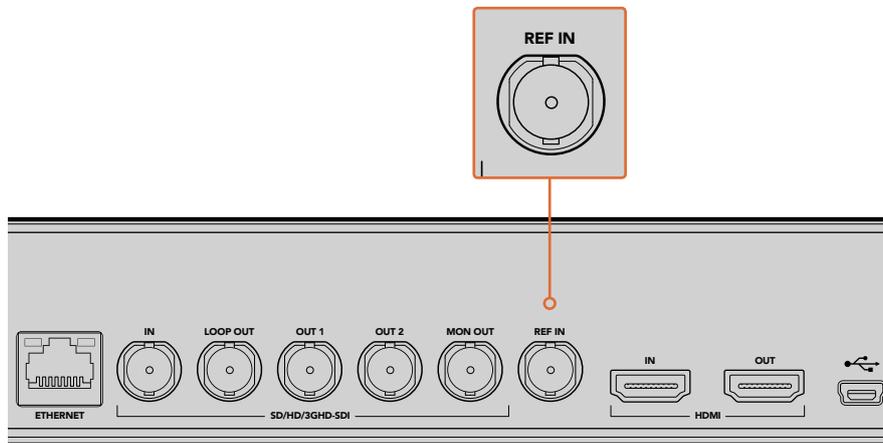
If there is space on a formatted disk in the second slot, HyperDeck will display an icon in the top right corner to indicate that recording will automatically switch over once the current disk is full.

If you want to change the disk you are recording to at any time, and you have a second disk that has free space, then simply hold down the record button and the recording will move from the current disk to the second disk. This is very useful when you want to get that disk out of the HyperDeck without pausing recording. This can happen during live events when you need to get an important recording out to another location, but you don't want to miss anything and you don't want to stop recording.

If the 'record' button flashes quickly, this means the disk is not fast enough for sustained recording. In this case, if you are recording uncompressed HD, we recommend changing to a compressed recording format such as ProRes or DNxHD, or if you are recording compressed video and the record button flashes quickly, try using faster recommended media.

Ref Input

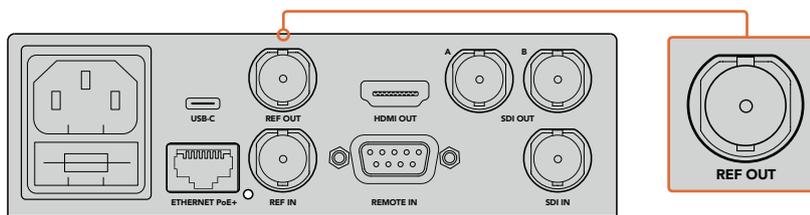
If your HyperDeck has a reference input, it can accept black burst and tri-level sync signals from a sync generator. Connect a reference source to this input if you want to synchronize HyperDeck with other video equipment, such as a production switcher.



If your HyperDeck has a reference input, you can sync your HyperDeck with other video equipment

Ref Output

The reference output on HyperDeck Studio Mini lets you connect an internally generated black burst or tri-level sync signal to other video equipment if you want to synchronize other equipment with your HyperDeck.



On HyperDeck Studio Mini you can sync other video equipment with your HyperDeck using the reference output

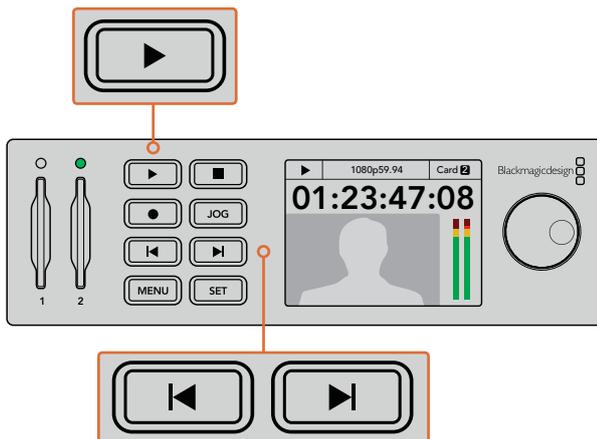
Playback

Playing Video with HyperDeck

- 1 Press the 'play' button once for instant playback and you'll see your video on the LCD, and any displays connected to your HyperDeck's video outputs. When a clip is playing, pressing 'play' again will loop it continuously. On HyperDeck Studio Mini, pressing play a third time will let you loop all recorded clips.

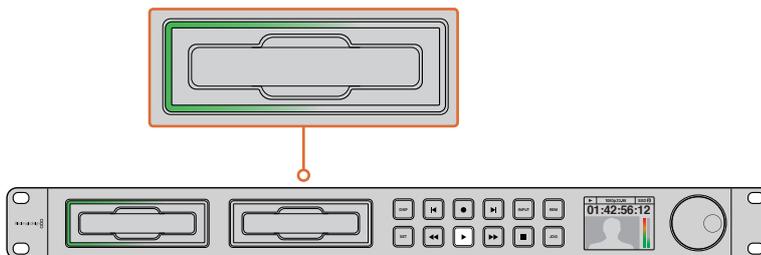
NOTE With HyperDeck Studio Pro, you can choose to play back Ultra HD using single link, dual link or quad link outputs. Refer to the 'Ultra HD Playback on HyperDeck Studio Pro' section for more information.

- 2 To skip to the next clip, press the 'next clip' button on the control panel.
- 3 Press 'previous clip' once to go to the start of the current clip or press twice to skip back to the start of the previous clip.



Press the play button on your HyperDeck's control panel to play back a clip, and press the forward or reverse skip buttons to restart the current clip or skip to a different one

If the play button flashes on HyperDecks that record on SSDs, this means the disk is not fast enough and playback cannot keep up. We recommend you change to a compressed recording format such as ProRes or DNxHD, or use a faster recommended SSD for uncompressed or Ultra HD recording.



SSD slots have rotating LEDs to show the unit is in playback mode

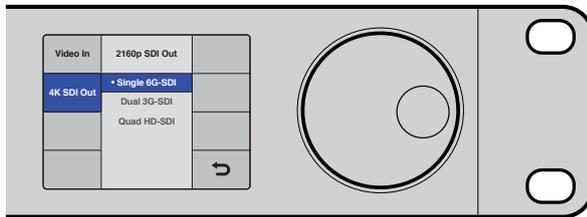
TIP If you play back a video clip that has an associated .MCC file, the closed caption data will be played out with the video via the SDI output of your HyperDeck.

Ultra HD Playback on HyperDeck Studio Pro

HyperDeck Studio Pro can play back Ultra HD video via single link 6G-SDI, dual link 3G-SDI, and quad link HD-SDI.

To select your desired Ultra HD playback output:

- 1 Press the 'disp' button to open the control panel LCD menu.
- 2 Using the jog/shuttle wheel and 'set' button, select 'video', then '2160p SDI out'.
- 3 Select your desired output type and press 'set' to confirm. Press the 'disp' button to close the menu.



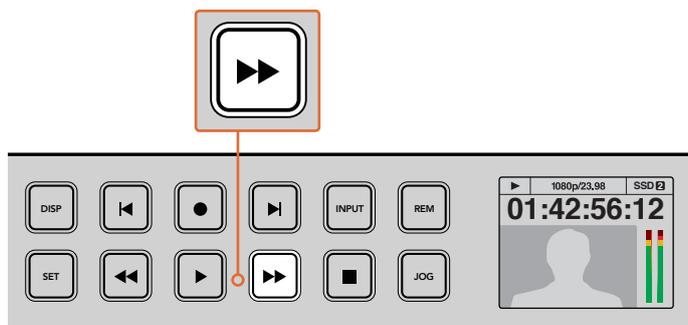
For HyperDeck Studio Pro, you can choose between single link 6G-SDI, dual link 3G-SDI or quad link HD-SDI for Ultra HD playback

Jog or Shuttle

You can use the jog or shuttle wheel to shuttle to a particular section at variable speeds. The more you turn it forwards or backwards, the faster your HyperDeck Studio will play through your video. Once you've found the section you want to review, press 'play' to resume normal playback.

If you want to slowly jog through your video frame by frame, press the 'jog' button once to enable jog operation. Turning the jog or shuttle wheel in the desired direction will then jog through your video. Pressing the 'jog' button again will return the wheel to shuttle operation.

If your HyperDeck has 'reverse' or 'fast forward' buttons, you can press these buttons to play through the clip at 2x speed. Press the 'reverse' or 'fast forward' buttons again and the speed will increase to 4x and then 8x. Once you've found the section you want to review, press 'play' to resume normal playback.



On HyperDecks with fast forward and reverse buttons, press the buttons repeatedly to gradually shuttle playback forwards and backwards at faster speeds

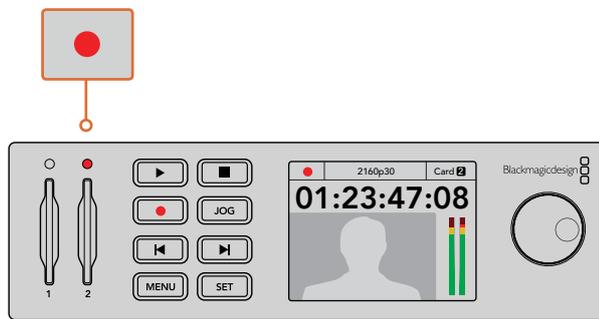
HyperDeck Status Indicators

Status Indicators

When recording or playing video with HyperDeck, any information you need to know is displayed on the unit itself via LED indicators for each media slot and the built in LCD.

Media Slot Indicators

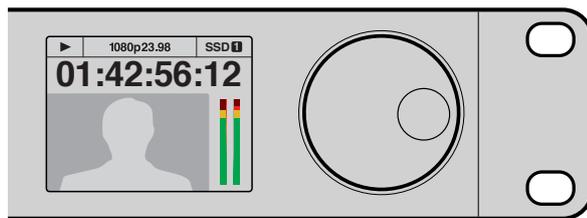
When you first power on HyperDeck, or any time you insert an SSD or SD card, the slot indicator will illuminate green while checking the media and then switch off. If the disk has not been formatted correctly, or fails to work, the slot will illuminate solid red until the disk is removed. In this case, check if the disk is formatted correctly and also check that it works with a computer.



HyperDeck's media slot indicators illuminate to let you know the status of the disk, for example red when recording, and green during playback

Control Panel LCD

HyperDeck Disk Recorders feature an LCD that not only shows your video but also displays status information such as video format and frame rate, record, playback and jog modes, the active media slot as well as timecode and audio levels.



HyperDecks have a built in LCD that shows your video as well as status information

About SSDs and SD Cards

Choosing a Fast SSD

When working with high data rate video it's important to carefully check the SSD you would like to use. This is because some SSDs can have up to 50% lower write speed than the manufacturer's claimed speed, so even though the disk specifications claim an SSD is fast enough to handle video, in reality the disk is not fast enough for real time video recording. Hidden data compression mostly affects recording and often these disks can still be used for real time playback.

In our testing, we have found larger newer models of SSD and larger capacity SSDs are generally faster. SSDs recommended for use with HyperDeck for uncompressed 10 Bit HD and ProRes or DNxHR Ultra HD video recording include:

Brand	SSD Name/Model Number	Storage	Supported Formats	
			10-bit uncompressed HD and Ultra HD ProRes or DNxHR	HD ProRes and DNxHD
ADATA	XPG SX900. ASX900S3-256GM-C.	256GB	Yes	Yes
Angelbird	AV Pro.	480GB	Yes	Yes
	AV Pro.	240GB	Yes	Yes
Crucial	M4 (firmware 009 only). CT512M4SSD2.	512GB	Yes	Yes
	M4 (firmware 000F only). CT256M4SSD2.	256GB	No	Yes
Digistor	4K Professional Video Series. DIG-PVD1000, pre-formatted exFat.	1TB	Yes Except HyperDeck Shuttle	Yes Except HyperDeck Shuttle
	Professional Video Series. DIG-PVD480S, pre-formatted exFat.	480GB	Yes	Yes
	Professional Video Series. DIG-PVD240S, pre-formatted exFat	240GB	Yes	Yes
Intel	520 series. SSDSC2CW480A310.	480GB	Yes	Yes
	520 series. SSDSC2CW240A310.	240GB	Yes	Yes
	530 series. SSDSC2BW240A401.	240GB	Yes	Yes
	530 series. SSDSC2BW180A401.	180GB	Yes	Yes
	335 series. SSDSC2CT240A4K5.	240GB	Yes	Yes
Kingston	HyperX 3K. SH103S3/480G.	480GB	Yes	Yes
	HyperX 3K. SH103S3/240G.	240GB	Yes	Yes
	SSDNow KC300. SKC300S37A/480G.	480GB	Yes	Yes
	SSDNow KC300.SKC300S37A/240G.	240GB	Yes	Yes
OCZ	Agility 3. AGT3-25SAT3-240G.	240GB	No	Yes
OWC	Mercury Extreme Pro 6G. OWCSSD7P6G480.	480GB	Yes	Yes
	Mercury Extreme Pro 6G. OWCSSD7P6G240.	240GB	Yes	Yes
	Mercury Extreme Pro 6G. OWCSSD7P6G120.	120GB	Yes	Yes
Samsung	850 Pro. MZ-1T0BW, spacer required.	1TB	Yes Except HyperDeck Shuttle	Yes Except HyperDeck Shuttle
	850 Pro. MZ-7KE512BW, spacer required.	512GB	Yes	Yes
	850 Pro. MZ-7KE256BW, spacer required.	256GB	Yes	Yes
SanDisk	Extreme Pro. SDSSDXPS-240G-G25.	240GB	Yes	Yes
	Extreme Pro. SDSSDXPS-480G-G25.	480GB	Yes	Yes
	Extreme Pro. SDSSDXPS-960G-G25.	960GB	Yes	Yes
	Extreme. SDSSDX-480G-G25.	480GB	Yes	Yes

Brand	SSD Name/Model Number	Storage	Supported Formats	
			10-bit uncompressed HD and Ultra HD ProRes or DNxHR	HD ProRes and DNxHD
	Extreme. SDSSDX-240G-G25.	240GB	Yes	Yes
	Extreme. SDSSDX-120G-G25.	120GB	No	Yes
PNY	Prevail. SSD9SC480GCDA-PB.	480GB	Yes	Yes
	Prevail. SSD9SC240GCDA-PB.	240GB	Yes	Yes
	XLR8. SSD9SC480GMDA-RB.	480GB	Yes	Yes
Transcend	SSD370. TS1TSSD370.	1TB	Yes	Yes
	SSD370. TS512GSSD370.	512GB	Yes	Yes
	SSD370. TS256GSSD370.	256GB	Yes	Yes
	SSD720. TS256GSSD720.	256GB	Yes	Yes

Please visit the Blackmagic Design support center at www.blackmagicdesign.com for the latest support notes and information. If you find an SSD that isn't fast enough for uncompressed HD video or Ultra HD, try a faster SSD or switch to a compressed recording format such as ProRes or DNxHD. These recording formats have a much lower data rate and are easier for the SSD to handle.

Choosing a fast SD Card

For high quality HD recording on HyperDeck Studio Mini, we recommend high speed UHS-II SD cards. These cards need to be capable of write speeds above 110MB/s for recording up to Ultra HD 2160p30. However, if you are recording standard definition or lower bit rate, lower quality compression you might be able to use slower cards. Generally the faster the cards, the better.

It's worth regularly checking the latest version of this manual for more up to date information and can always be downloaded from the Blackmagic Design website at www.blackmagicdesign.com/support

Brand	Card Name	Storage	Max Read/Write Speed	Supported Formats	
				Ultra HD ProRes or DNxHR	HD ProRes or DNxHD
Lexar	Professional 2000x	64 GB	300 MB/s	Yes	Yes
Sandisk	Extreme Pro	128 GB	300 MB/s	Yes	Yes
		64 GB	300 MB/s	Yes	Yes
		32 GB	300 MB/s	Yes	Yes
Sandisk	Extreme Pro	64 GB	95 MB/s	No	Yes
		32 GB	95 MB/s	No	Yes
Sandisk	Extreme	64 GB	90 MB/s	No	Yes
Sandisk	Extreme Plus	64 GB	90 MB/s	No	Yes

Formatting SSDs and SD Cards

Media used by HyperDeck must be formatted as either HFS+ or exFAT. These disk formats allow long clips to be recorded as single files. You can easily format a card or SSD via the format feature in HyperDeck's LCD menu, or via a Windows or macOS computer.

HFS+ is also known as Mac OS Extended and is the recommended format for HyperDeck as it supports journaling. Data on a journaled disk is more quickly recovered in the rare event it becomes corrupted, and less likely to be corrupted in the first place. HFS+ is natively supported by macOS.

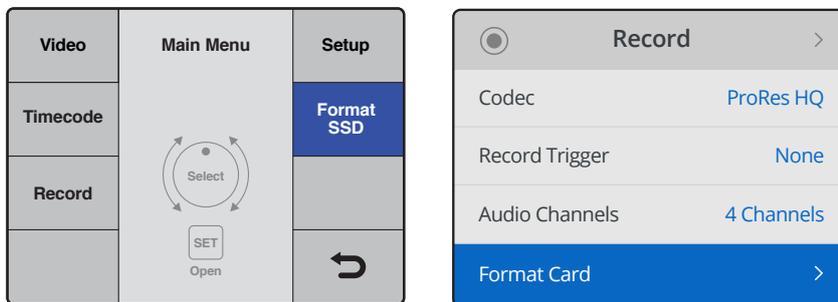
ExFAT is supported natively by macOS and Windows without needing to purchase any additional software. However, exFAT does not support journaling.

While navigating through the format feature on the LCD menu, you'll have plenty of opportunities to cancel the format and return to the previous menu by selecting the return arrow on the bottom right of the LCD and pressing the 'set' button on the control panel, or by pressing the menu button on HyperDeck Studio Mini. Always press the 'set' button to confirm settings and enter setting menus.

To format using your HyperDeck:

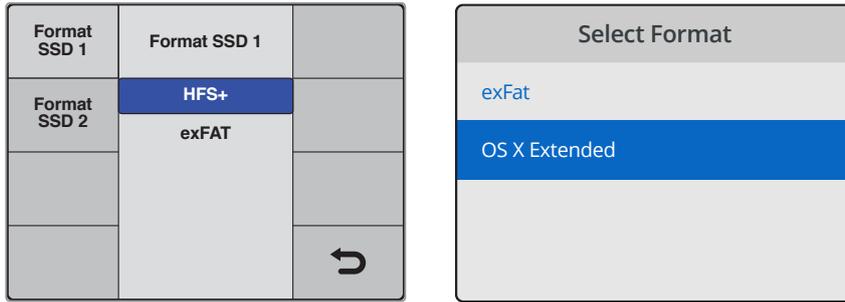
- 1 Insert the media you want to format into either of the SD card or SSD slots.
- 2 Press the 'disp' or 'menu' button on your HyperDeck's control panel.
- 3 On HyperDecks that record on SSDs, turn the jog/shuttle wheel and press the set button to select 'format SSD' on the LCD menu.

On HyperDeck Studio Mini, turn the jog/shuttle wheel and use the set button to enter the 'record' menu on the LCD and select 'format card'.

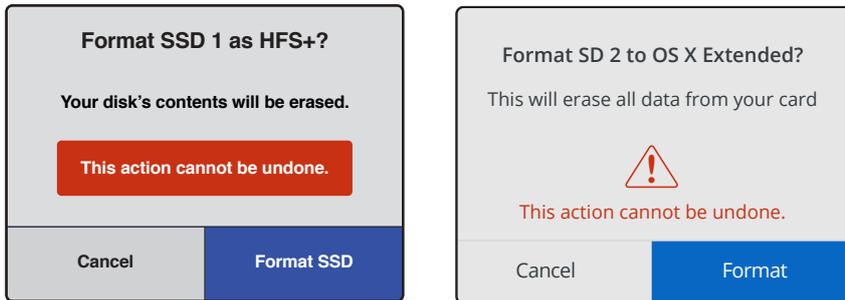


Turn the jog/shuttle wheel clockwise to select 'format SSD' on the LCD menu. On HyperDeck Studio Mini, the 'format card' setting is in the 'record' menu.

- 4 Select the SD card or SSD you want to format on the LCD using the jog/shuttle wheel. Remember to press the 'set' button to confirm your selection.
- 5 Now set your desired format from the 'HFS+' or 'exFAT' options.
- 6 A warning message will appear on the LCD asking you to confirm the format. Make sure you have backed up any important data before you confirm as this action cannot be undone. Confirm the format by selecting 'format' for SD cards, or 'format SSD' using the jog/shuttle wheel and pressing the 'set' button.



Set your desired format from the HFS+ or exFAT options.
 On HyperDeck Studio Mini, HFS+ is labeled 'OS X Extended'



Confirm the format by using the jog/shuttle wheel and pressing the set button

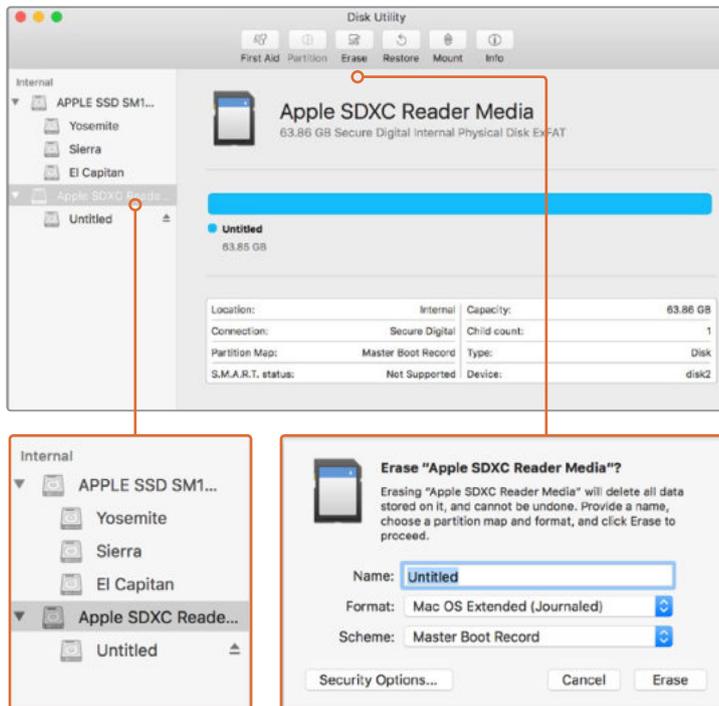
A progress bar will show you the formatting progress. When your HyperDeck has finished formatting, 'formatting complete' will display on the LCD. Press the 'set' button again to return to the menu.

Formatting Media on a macOS Computer

The Disk Utility application included with macOS can format a drive in the HFS+ or exFAT formats. Make sure you back up anything important from your disk as you will lose everything on it when it is formatted.

To format on a macOS computer:

- 1 Connect an SSD to your computer with an external dock or cable adapter and dismiss any message offering to use your SSD for Time Machine backups.
 For SD cards, insert the card into your computer's SD card slot, or connect it to your computer via an external card reader.
- 2 Go to applications/utilities and launch Disk Utility.
- 3 Click on the disk icon of your SSD or SD card and then click the erase tab.
- 4 Set the format to Mac OS Extended (Journaled) or exFAT.
- 5 Type a name for the new volume and then click erase. Your media will quickly be formatted and made ready for use with HyperDeck.



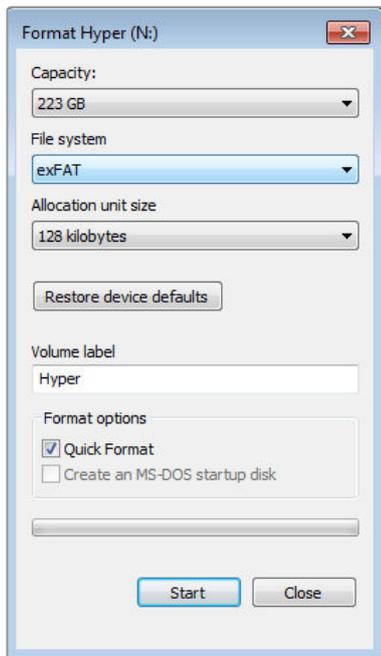
Use Disk Utility on macOS to erase your SSD or SD card in the Mac OS Extended (Journaled) or exFAT format

Formatting Media on a Windows computer

The format dialog box can format a drive in the exFAT format on a Windows PC. Make sure you back up anything important from your SSD or SD card as you will lose everything on it when it is formatted.

To format on a Windows computer:

- 1 Connect an SSD to your computer with an external dock or cable adapter.
For SD cards, insert the card into your computer's SD card slot, or connect it to your computer via an external card reader.
- 2 Open the start menu or start screen and choose computer. Right-click on your SSD or SD card.
- 3 From the contextual menu, choose format.
- 4 Set the file system to exFAT and the allocation unit size to 128 kilobytes.
- 5 Type a volume label, select quick format and click Start.
- 6 Your media will quickly be formatted and made ready for use with HyperDeck.

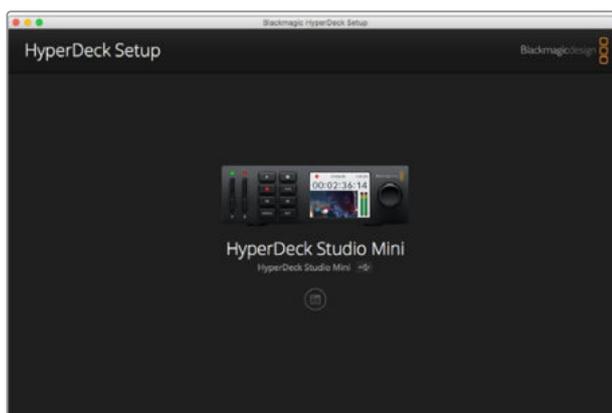


Use the Format dialog box feature in Windows to format your SSD or SD card in the exFAT format

Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup

Using HyperDeck Setup

Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup is used to change settings and update the internal software in your HyperDeck. In addition to installing HyperDeck Setup, uncompressed 10 bit codecs are installed for Mac and Windows.



The home page of HyperDeck Setup. If you have multiple HyperDecks connected to your computer, you can choose between them by clicking on the arrows at the sides of the home page

How to Update Your HyperDeck Software on macOS

- 1 Download and unzip the HyperDeck Setup software.
- 2 Open the resulting disk image and launch the HyperDeck Installer.
Follow the onscreen instructions.
- 3 After installing, connect a USB cable from HyperDeck to your computer.
- 4 Launch Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup and follow any onscreen prompt to update the internal software in your HyperDeck. If no prompt appears, the internal software is up to date and there is nothing further you need to do.

How to Update Your HyperDeck Software on Windows

- 1 Download and unzip the HyperDeck Setup software.
- 2 You should see a HyperDeck Setup folder containing this manual and the HyperDeck Setup utility installer. Double-click the installer and follow the onscreen prompts to complete the installation.
- 3 After installing, connect a USB cable from HyperDeck to your computer.
- 4 Launch Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup and follow any onscreen prompt to update the internal software in your HyperDeck. If no prompt appears, the internal software is up to date and there is nothing further you need to do.

Selecting Your Video Format

All HyperDecks record compressed HD video using Apple ProRes and Avid DNxHD codecs. HyperDeck models that record on SSDs can also record uncompressed HD video.

HyperDeck Studio Pro records Ultra HD using ProRes codecs. HyperDeck Studio Mini and HyperDeck Studio 12G support ProRes and DNxHR for Ultra HD recording.

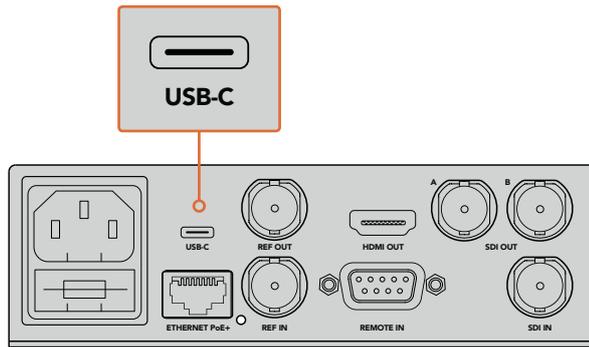
You can change the codec you want from the front panel LCD menu, or you can use the HyperDeck Setup software utility depending on what you prefer. For more information on how to change your codec using the front panel, refer to the 'control panel display menu' section.

HyperDecks that record on SSDs can record 10-bit uncompressed QuickTime files on a fast SSD, or to a compressed format if you have a slower SSD or want to fit longer high definition recordings on a single SSD. This means if you have changed the format between recording clips, it is possible to have uncompressed QuickTime files as well as compressed files on the same disk.

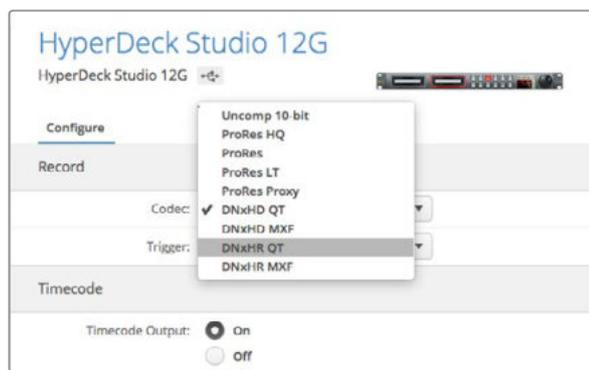
Working with uncompressed video is exciting as there is simply no better quality. However, if compressed video better suits your workflow, or if you need to fit more video on a SSD, you can choose a high quality professional compressed video format which is also perfect for editing.

To choose a video format using HyperDeck Setup:

- 1 Connect HyperDeck to your computer via USB.
- 2 Launch HyperDeck Setup. Your HyperDeck model will be named in the setup utility home page.
- 3 Click on the circular 'setup' icon or the image of your HyperDeck to open the settings page.
- 4 In the 'record' settings, click on the 'codec' drop down menu and select your desired codec. Click 'save' to confirm your setting.



To change settings using HyperDeck Setup, plug HyperDeck into your computer via the USB port



Use HyperDeck Setup to select your desired recording and playback format

All subsequent clips will be recorded in the chosen format.

Setting the recording format also sets the playback format. For example, if you want to play back an uncompressed 10-bit QuickTime file, set the recording format to Uncompressed 10-bit QuickTime. Setting Avid DNxHD as the recording format lets you play DNxHD QuickTime and MXF clips, and by selecting Apple ProRes you can play clips using any of the ProRes codecs.

ProRes codecs include:

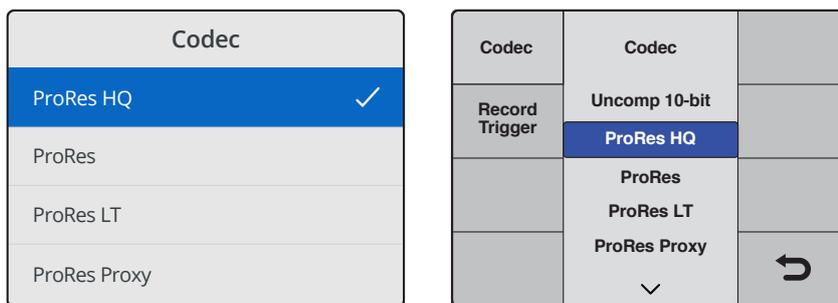
Codecs	Bit Depth	Description
Apple ProRes Codecs		
ProRes 422 HQ	10-bit	For the highest quality HD and Ultra HD compression at the maximum ProRes data rate.
ProRes 422	10-bit	For extremely high quality HD and Ultra HD compression using a low ProRes data rate.
ProRes 422 LT	10-bit	For high quality HD and Ultra HD compression at a lower ProRes data rate.
ProRes 422 Proxy	10-bit	For high quality offline compression of HD and Ultra HD at the lowest ProRes data rate.
Avid DNxHR and DNxHD Codecs		
DNxHR HQX	10-bit	For the highest quality Ultra HD compression at the maximum DNxHR data rate.
DNxHR SQ	8-bit	For extremely high quality Ultra HD compression using a low DNxHR data rate.

Codecs	Bit Depth	Description
DNxHR LB	8-bit	For high quality compression of Ultra HD using a lower DNxHR data rate.
DNxHD 220	10-bit	For the highest quality HD compression at the maximum DNxHD data rate.
DNxHD 145	8-bit	For extremely high quality HD compression using a low DNxHD data rate.
DNxHD 45	8-bit	For high quality HD compression at a lower DNxHD data rate.

Control Panel Display Menu

Using the Display Menu

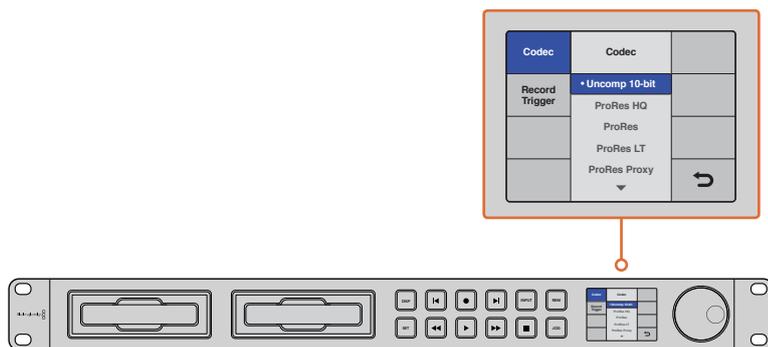
Use your HyperDeck's control panel display menu to change your video and audio inputs and outputs as well as any settings changes you would make in HyperDeck Setup such as trigger recording, timecode output and your chosen recording codec.



HyperDeck Studio Mini has a list based menu, and HyperDecks that record on SSDs have a tile based menu, so the position of some settings in the menu may appear slightly different

To change a setting in the menu:

- 1 Press the 'display' or 'menu' button to display the main menu.
- 2 Use the jog/shuttle wheel on the front of HyperDeck to highlight different options.
- 3 Press the 'set' button to confirm a selection.
- 4 To return to a previous menu, press the 'menu' button on HyperDeck Studio Mini, or scroll to the 'return' arrow and press 'set'.
- 5 Press the 'display' or 'menu' button to exit.



Press the 'display' or 'menu' button to enter the LCD menu where you can select between various codecs and change settings

Selecting Timecode Source

When recording from HD-SDI video sources that provide embedded SMPTE RP 188 metadata, you can record the embedded timecode from the video source instead of using timecode generated by your HyperDeck.

To set this using the display menu:

- 1 Press the 'display' or 'menu' button to display the main menu.
- 2 Scroll to the 'timecode' menu and press 'set'.
- 3 Press 'set' to enter the 'timecode input' menu and select 'input'.
- 4 Press 'set' to confirm your selection.

It might be necessary to turn on the RP 188 setting in your camera before HyperDeck will be able to record the timecode.

SDI Start/Stop Recording

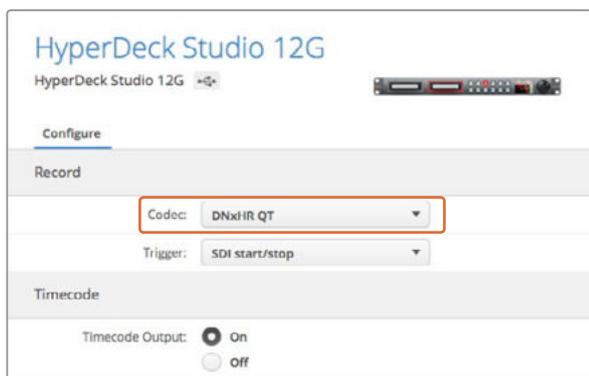
HyperDeck supports start/stop recording, which means when you press the record button on an HD-SDI camera, HyperDeck will start recording without also having to press the record button on your HyperDeck disk recorder.

NOTE You will need a camera that can trigger the record function of HyperDeck via HD-SDI. Cameras which support trigger recording via HD-SDI may include menu options such as 'trigger rec', 'HD-SDI remote I/F' or 'SDI remote start/stop trigger'.

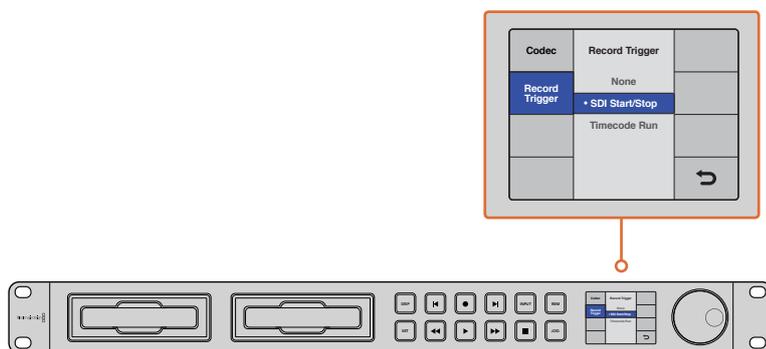
To set start/stop trigger recording using the display menu:

- 1 Press the 'disp' or 'menu' button to display the main menu.
- 2 Scroll to the 'record' menu and press 'set'.
- 3 Scroll to the 'record trigger' menu and press 'set'.
- 4 Select 'SDI start/stop' and press 'set' to confirm your selection. Press 'disp/menu' to exit.
- 5 On HyperDeck Studio Mini, press the menu button to open the LCD menu, navigate to 'settings' and set remote to 'on'.

HyperDecks that record on SSDs have a remote button on the front panel marked REM. Simply press the remote button to enable remote control. The button will illuminate to let you know remote is enabled.



You can use the control panel LCD menu on HyperDeck, or use HyperDeck Setup to enable Start/Stop recording



The 'record trigger' settings let you set your HyperDeck to start and stop recording triggered by data received over an HD-SDI connection

Timecode Run Recording

HyperDeck also supports timecode run recording, which is similar to start/stop recording, but is only used if your HD-SDI camera does not support trigger recording via HD-SDI.

To set up Timecode Run recording using HyperDeck Setup:

- 1 Go into your camera's timecode settings and change them from 'free run timecode' to 'record run timecode'.
- 2 In HyperDeck Setup, set trigger recording to 'timecode run'.
- 3 Remote must also be enabled via HyperDeck's front panel or via the control panel display menu on HyperDeck Studio Mini.

To set up Timecode Run recording on HyperDeck's control panel display menu:

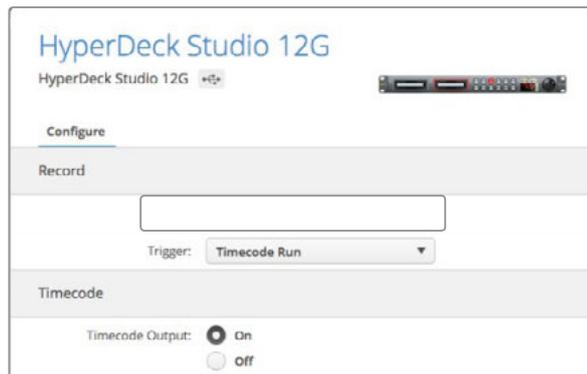
- 1 Press the 'disp' or 'menu' button to display the main menu.
- 2 Scroll to the 'record' menu and press 'set'.
- 3 Scroll to the 'record trigger' menu and press 'set'.
- 4 Select 'timecode run' and press 'set' to confirm your selection. Press 'disp' or 'menu' to exit.

- 5 On HyperDeck Studio Mini, press the menu button to open the LCD menu, navigate to 'settings' and set remote to 'on'.

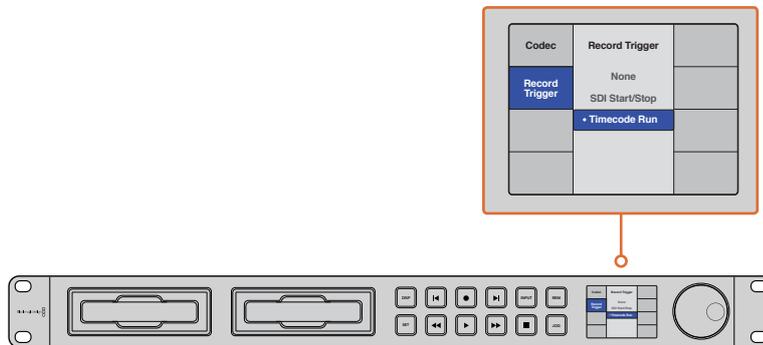
HyperDecks that record on SSDs have a remote button on the front panel marked REM. Simply press the remote button to enable remote control. The button will illuminate to let you know remote is enabled.

Now whenever your HyperDeck detects the timecode running via HD-SDI it will start recording. Recording will stop whenever the timecode stops.

Be careful if your HyperDeck is connected to the SDI output of a video router, as any change to the video source might cause HyperDeck to start recording unexpectedly due to a change in timecode being detected via HD-SDI.



You can use the control panel LCD menu, or use HyperDeck Setup to enable timecode run recording



The 'timecode run' recording feature lets you trigger your HyperDeck to record whenever running timecode is detected via the HD-SDI connection. Recording will stop when the timecode stops.

RS-422 Control

What is RS-422 Control?

The RS-422 standard is a serial deck control broadcast standard and has been used by broadcasters since the early 1980s and is found on many decks, linear editors, non linear editors and broadcast automation products. All current HyperDeck models support this standard so can be integrated into broadcast automation, remote control systems, editing systems and any kind of custom control you might like to design yourself.

Using an External RS-422 Controller

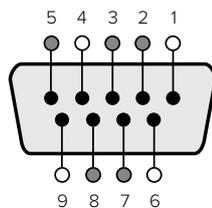
All current HyperDeck models feature an industry standard Sony™ compatible RS-422 deck control port, which has the correct pin connections for a direct connection to any remote controller with RS-422.

You can use pre-manufactured 9 pin cables as long as each end of the cable is wired 'pin for pin' where the same pin numbers on each end of the cable are connected together. If you would like to make custom cables, please refer to the accompanying wiring diagram.

You can remotely control your HyperDeck from an RS-422 controller instead of locally pushing buttons.

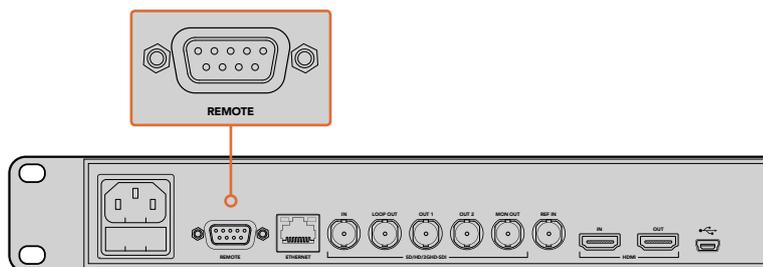
- 1 Connect a video signal to your HyperDeck's video input.
- 2 Connect an RS-422 cable from your external controller to your HyperDeck.
- 3 Enable remote control by pressing the remote button on the front control panel, or via the LCD menu in HyperDeck Studio Mini, to allow remote deck control.

You can now remotely start and stop recording and playback of your HyperDeck as well as performing other common jog and shuttle functions. The full list of supported RS-422 commands is in the following section named 'supported RS-422 commands'.

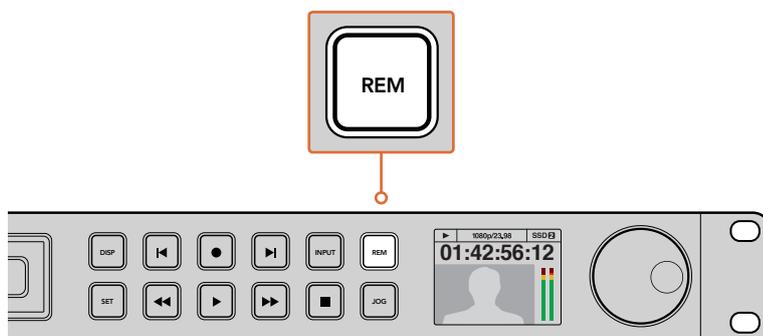


Receive (-)	Receive (+)	Transmit (-)	Transmit (+)	Ground Pins
2	7	8	3	1, 4, 6, 9

RS-422 remote pin connections



Remote port on HyperDeck Studio and HyperDeck Studio 12G



Make sure your HyperDeck has remote set to 'on' in the LCD menu, or via the control panel remote button, to enable RS-422 deck control

Supported RS-422 Commands

		Command	Reply	No Remote	Notes
0 - System Control					
0x00	0x11	DeviceTypeRequest	NTSC: 0xF0E0 PAL: 0xF1E0 24P: 0xF2E0	Enabled	
1 - Slave Response					
0x20	0x00	Stop	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x20	0x01	Play	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x20	0x02	Record	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x20	0x10	FastFwd	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x21	0x11	JogFwd1	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x22	0x11	JogFwd2	Acknowledge	Disabled	Treated as N=1; Same as JogFwd1
0x21	0x12	VarFwd1	Acknowledge	Disabled	Uses ShuttleFwd1
0x22	0x12	VarFwd2	Acknowledge	Disabled	Treated as N=1; Same as VarFwd1
0x21	0x13	ShuttleFwd1	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x22	0x13	ShuttleFwd2	Acknowledge	Disabled	Treated as N=1; Same as ShuttleFwd1
0x20	0x20	Rewind	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x21	0x21	JogRev1	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x22	0x21	JogRev2	Acknowledge	Disabled	Treated as N=1; Same as JogRev1
0x21	0x22	VarRev1	Acknowledge	Disabled	Uses ShuttleRev1
0x22	0x22	VarRev2	Acknowledge	Disabled	Treated as N=1; Same as VarRev1
0x21	0x23	ShuttleRev1	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x22	0x23	ShuttleRev2	Acknowledge	Disabled	Treated as N=1; Same as ShuttleRev1
0x20	0x30	Preroll	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x24	0x31	CueData	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x20	0x34	SyncPlay	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x21	0x38	ProgSpeedPlayPlus	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x21	0x39	ProgSpeedPlayMinus	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x20	0x40	Preview	Acknowledge	Disabled	Status bits are set
0x20	0x41	Review	Acknowledge	Disabled	Status bits are set
0x20	0x43	OutpointPreview	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x22	0x5C	DMCSetFwd	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x22	0x5D	DMCSetRev	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x20	0x60	FullEEOff	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x20	0x61	FullEEOn	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x20	0x63	SelectEEOn	Acknowledge	Disabled	
4 - Preset/Select Control					
0x40	0x10	InEntry	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x22	0x23	ShuttleRev2	Acknowledge	Disabled	Treated as N=1; Same as ShuttleRev1
0x20	0x30	Preroll	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x24	0x31	CueData	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x20	0x34	SyncPlay	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x21	0x38	ProgSpeedPlayPlus	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x21	0x39	ProgSpeedPlayMinus	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x40	0x11	OutEntry	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x44	0x14	InDataPreset	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x44	0x15	OutDataPreset	Acknowledge	Disabled	

0x40	0x18	InFwd	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x40	0x19	InRev	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x40	0x1A	OutFwd	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x40	0x1B	OutRev	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x40	0x20	InReset	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x40	0x21	OutReset	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x40	0x22	AlnReset	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x40	0x23	AOutReset	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x44	0x31	PrerollPreset	Acknowledge	Disabled	
0x40	0x40	AutoModeOff	Acknowledge	Disabled	ignored, Status bit remembered
0x40	0x41	AutoModeOn	Acknowledge	Disabled	ignored, Status bit remembered

6 - Sense Request

0x61	0x0A	TimeCodeGenSense			
		Request for Gen TC	GenTCData	Enabled	
		Timer1Sense	Timer1Data	Enabled	
		UserBitsVITCTimeSense	UserBitsVITCTimeData	Enabled	
		LTCUserBitsTimeSense	LTCUserBitsTimeData	Enabled	
		VITCUserBitsTimeSense	VITCUserBitsTimeData	Enabled	
0x60	0x10	InDataSense	InData	Enabled	
0x60	0x11	OutDataSense	OutData	Enabled	
0x60	0x12	AlnDataSense	AlnData	Enabled	
0x60	0x13	AOutDataSense	AOutData	Enabled	
0x61	0x20	StatusSense	StatusData	Enabled	
0x60	0x2E	SpeedSense	SpeedData	Enabled	
0x60	0x31	PrerollTimeSense	PreRollTimeData	Enabled	
0x60	0x36	TimerModeSense	TimerModeData	Enabled	
0x60	0x3E	RecordInhibitSense	RecordInhibitStatus	Enabled	

7 - Sense Reply

0x78	0x00	Timer1Data	-	-	Current Time and 00:00:00:00
0x78	0x04	LTCUserBitsTimeData	-	-	Current Time and 00:00:00:00
0x78	0x06	VITCUserBitsTimeData	-	-	Current Time and 00:00:00:00
0x74	0x06	VITCTimeData	-	-	Current Time
0x74	0x07	UserBitsVITCTimeData	-	-	00:00:00:00
0x74	0x08	GenTCData	-	-	Current Time
0x78	0x08	GenTCUBData	-	-	Current Time and 00:00:00:00
0x74	0x09	GenUBData	-	-	00:00:00:00
0x74	0x10	InData	-	-	
0x74	0x11	OutData	-	-	
0x74	0x12	AlnData	-	-	
0x74	0x13	AOutData	-	-	
0x74	0x14	CorrectedLTCTimeData	-	-	Current Time
0x70	0x20	StatusData	-	-	Please see "Status Bits" sheet: Limited to 9 bytes of status, silently truncated
0x71	0x2E	SpeedData	-	-	
0x74	0x31	PrerollTimeData	-	-	
0x71	0x36	TimerModeData	-	-	Returns 0 (TimeCode)
0x72	0x3E	RecordInhibitStatus	-	-	

RS-422 Developer Information

	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
Byte 0	0	0	Cassette out	0	0	0	0	Local
Byte 1	Standby	0	Stop	0	Rewind	Forward	Record	Play
Byte 2	Servo Lock	0	Shuttle	Jog	Var	Direction	Still	1
Byte 3	Auto Mode	0	0	0	Aout Set	Ain Set	Out Set	In Set
Byte 4	Select EE	Full EE	0	0	0	0	0	0
Byte 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Byte 6	0	Lamp Still	Lamp Fwd	Lamp Rev	0	0	0	0
Byte 7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Byte 8	0	0	Near EOT	EOT	0	0	0	0
Byte 9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Variables	
Cassette Out	Set if no SSD is present
Local	Set if Remote is disabled (local control)
Standby	Set if a disk is available
Direction	Clear if playback is forwarding, set if playback is reversing
Still	Set if playback is paused, or if in input preview mode
Auto Mode	Set if in Auto Mode
Select EE, Full EE	Set if in input preview mode
Lamp Still/Fwd/Rev	Set according to playback speed and direction
Near EOT	Set if total space left on available SSDs is less than 3 minutes
EOT	Set if total space left on available SSDs is less than 30 seconds

Others	
Cue Complete (byte 2, bit 0)	Always 1: Cue requests are always instantaneous

HyperDeck Serial RS-422 Protocol		
Protocol	Based on Sony 9-pin protocol	
Interface	Baud rate	38.4 Kbps
	1 start bit	
	8 data bits	
	1 stop bit	
	1 parity bit	
	Odd parity	

Connecting to an ATEM Switcher

If you're using an ATEM switcher, you can plug in up to 4 Blackmagic HyperDeck disk recorders and control them using the ATEM software control panel. This is a very powerful feature that effectively gives you an entire videotape department at your fingertips. You can also trigger recording on your HyperDeck from an ATEM switcher, which is a great way of making an archive copy of a live broadcast, or capturing B roll when live switching a production that will be fine tuned later.

Connecting HyperDecks to ATEM switchers is very easy!

- 1 Update your ATEM Switcher to software version 6.8 or higher. This process outlined in the ATEM Switcher manual and can even be done over Ethernet.
- 2 Update your HyperDeck's internal software to version 4.3 or later. Updating your HyperDeck software is explained later in this manual.
- 3 Connect your HyperDeck to the same network as your ATEM Switcher and note its IP address.

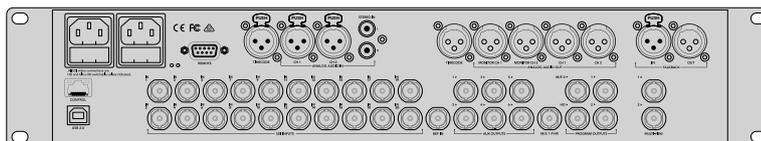
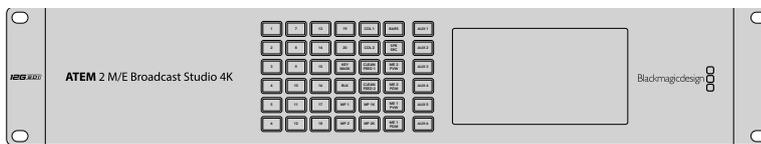
Your HyperDeck's IP address can be found via its front panel and LCD menu by entering the 'setup', then 'Ethernet' menus from the main menu.

Alternatively, you can access your HyperDeck's IP address on your Mac or PC via the 'configure' tab in BlackMagic HyperDeck Utility.

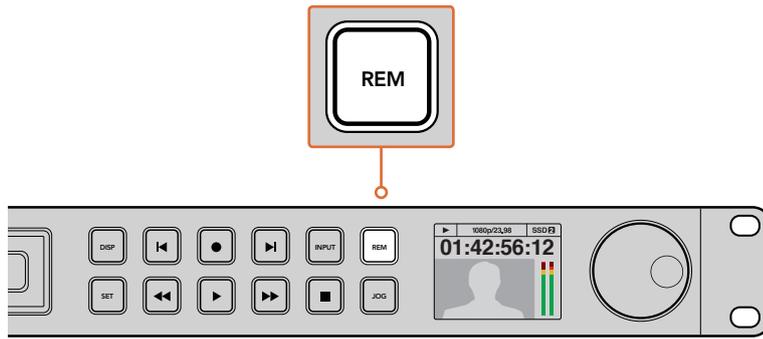
- 4 Connect one of your HyperDeck's SDI or HDMI outputs to an SDI or HDMI source input on your ATEM Switcher.
- 5 If you want to use your ATEM Switcher to trigger recording on your HyperDeck, you'll also need to connect a video source to your HyperDeck.

Simply connect an SDI or HDMI source to your HyperDeck as usual. To record your ATEM switcher's program output, connect one of your switcher's auxiliary SDI outputs to your HyperDeck's SDI input.

- 6 Enable remote by pressing the remote button on HyperDeck's front panel, or via the LCD menu on HyperDeck Studio Mini, to allow remote control from the switcher.
- 7 Complete the connection process by entering your HyperDeck's source and IP address information into your ATEM software or ATEM broadcast panel. This is very straightforward and laid out in your ATEM switcher manual.



ATEM switchers, such as the ATEM 2 M/E Broadcast Studio 4K, can connect with up to four HyperDeck disk recorders

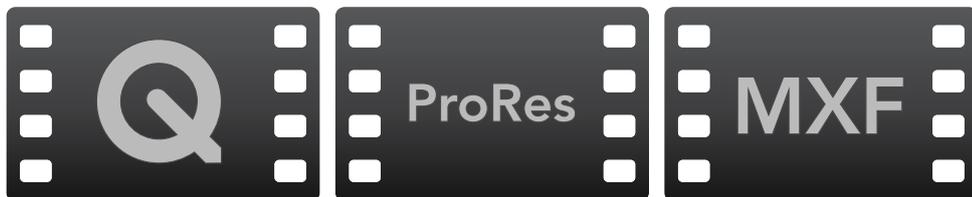


Make sure your HyperDeck has remote set to 'on' in the LCD menu, or via the control panel remote button, to enable Ethernet control with an ATEM switcher

Understanding Post Production Workflows

Accessing Your Clips

To access your clips, simply plug the SD card or SSD into your computer via an SD card slot, external reader, or SSD dock. You can either drag the files from the SSD or SD card directly to a local hard drive, or you can work directly from the SSD or SD card. You can also connect SSDs to your computer with a 2.5" eSATA to USB cable adapter, however this won't be fast enough to handle working directly from the SSD and is really only recommended as a portable solution for getting your video files off the SSD and onto a laptop.



macOS

QuickTime is built into macOS. Apple ProRes, Avid DNxHD and DNxHR, and uncompressed QuickTime movies recorded by HyperDeck can be opened in almost any video software on macOS.

DNxHD and DNxHR MXF files recorded by HyperDeck can be opened with Avid Media Composer and DaVinci Resolve for Mac.

MCC closed caption data files recorded by HyperDeck can be opened with MacCaption software for macOS from <http://www.cpcweb.com>.

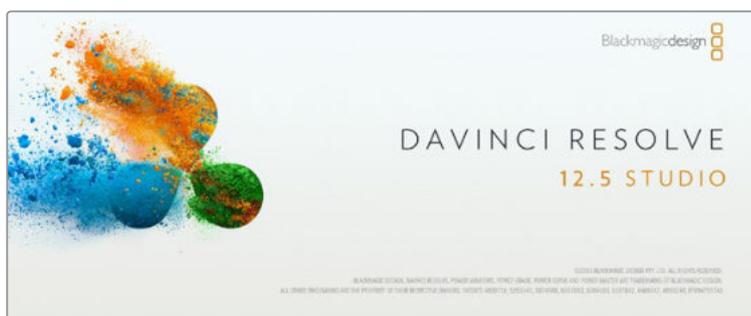
Windows

Apple ProRes and uncompressed QuickTime movies recorded by HyperDeck require QuickTime to be installed on your PC. Almost any video software on Windows that supports QuickTime can open movies recorded by HyperDeck. QuickTime for Windows can be downloaded free from <http://www.apple.com/quicktime/download/>.

DNxHD and DNxHR MXF files recorded by HyperDeck can be opened with Avid Media Composer and DaVinci Resolve for Windows.

MCC closed caption data files recorded by HyperDeck can be opened with CaptionMaker software for Windows from <http://www.cpcweb.com>.

Using DaVinci Resolve



Introducing DaVinci Resolve

Recording clips with your HyperDeck Disk Recorder is only part of the process of creating film and television content, and just as important is the process of media backup and management as well as editing, color correction and encoding final master files. DaVinci Resolve for macOS and Windows can be downloaded free from the Blackmagic Design website so you can have a complete solution for recording and post production!

After connecting your SD card to your computer, you can use DaVinci Resolve's 'clone' tool in the 'media' page, to create running backups of your media. This is recommended as any type of media is susceptible to becoming damaged or developing a fault so creating backups ensures your shots will be immune to loss. Once you have used DaVinci Resolve to back up your media, you can then add your clips into the DaVinci media pool, then edit, color correct, and finish your production without ever having to leave DaVinci Resolve.

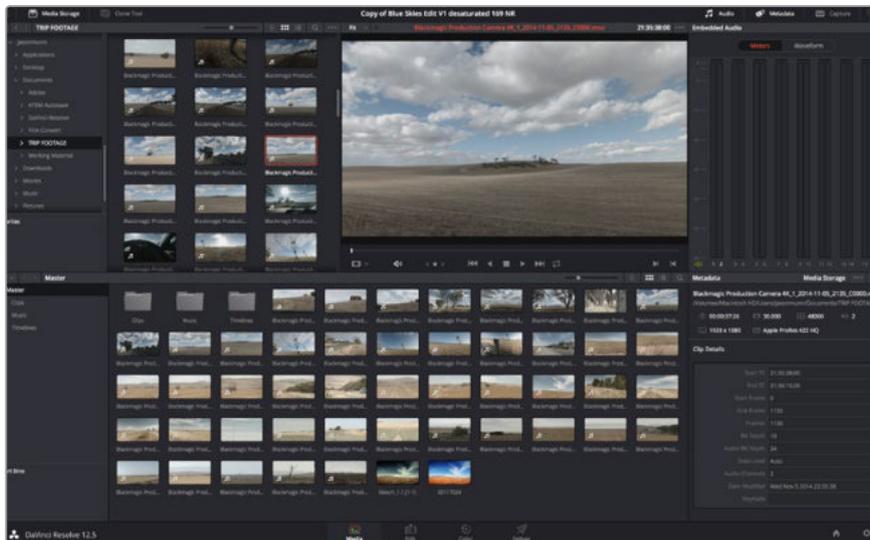
DaVinci Resolve will help you adjust your clips to get any kind of look you are after. DaVinci Resolve is the same tool used on most major blockbuster movies, so it's much more than a simple NLE software tool, as it has extremely advanced technology built in for high end digital film. You get the advantage of this technology when you use DaVinci Resolve to edit and color correct your work.

Included here is information on how to get started using DaVinci Resolve with your recorded clips. Of course, DaVinci Resolve is extremely advanced and includes a lot more features than you immediately see when first looking at its user interface. To learn more about how to use DaVinci Resolve, please check for the DaVinci Resolve instruction manual pdf file that is included in the DaVinci Resolve software download, or check online for the many training courses and tutorial videos available.

Importing your Clips

To start editing your clips, you'll first need to import them into the media pool:

- 1 Launch DaVinci Resolve. If this is the first time you've opened DaVinci Resolve, wait for the Project Manager to appear, and double click the 'untitled project' icon in the project manager window. If the log in window appears, that means you have the Resolve multi-user environment enabled. In this case, click Add New at the bottom left of the log in window and create a new user by entering a user name and clicking Setup New User. Then double-click the user icon to proceed to the Project Manager. Now click 'new project', enter a title for your project and click 'create'. This will add your new project to the project manager. Double click on your project to open it.
- 2 You'll now see the 'media' page with a 'media storage' browser at the top left. The 'media storage' browser displays all your linked media folders from where you'll drag your clips and drop them into the media pool.
- 3 If your clip folder doesn't appear in the library, you'll need to add it. This is easily done by clicking on preferences in the DaVinci Resolve title bar and clicking on the 'add' button in the 'media storage' tab. Browse to and select a drive or folder path, click 'open', restart DaVinci Resolve and reopen your project to refresh the 'media storage' settings.
- 4 In the 'media storage' browser, click on your newly added clip folder. Now simply drag your clips from your storage folder and drop them into the media pool. If your project settings are different to your clip settings, you'll be prompted to either change the project settings to match your clips, or leave the settings as they are. To get started quickly, click 'change'. Now your project settings match your clips.



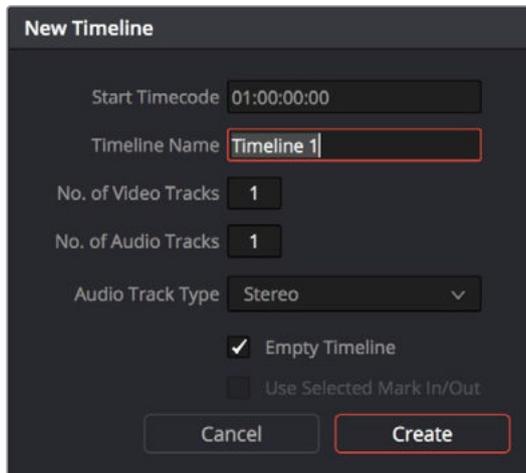
To import your clips, simply drag them from the 'media storage' browser and drop them into the media pool. You can also drag and drop files from your desktop.

Editing your Clips

With your clips in the media pool, click on the 'edit' tab to open the edit page.

Now you can start building your edit!

- 1 You'll first need to create a new timeline. Right click anywhere within the media pool and choose Timelines > New Timeline. When the dialog box appears, click the 'create' button.



To start editing your clips, you'll need to create a new timeline. The timeline is the stage upon which all your editing will take place.

- 2 Double click a clip in the media pool to open the clip in the source viewer. Use the mouse pointer to scrub the play head in the source viewer left and right until you find the start frame you want for the clip. Mark the in point with the 'I' shortcut. Do the same for the end frame using the 'O' shortcut.
- 3 Go to the timeline and position the timeline play head where you want your clip to be inserted.
- 4 To insert the clip onto the timeline, click inside the source viewer then drag the mouse pointer across to the timeline viewer. A list of edit options will appear. Select the type of edit you want.

Your clip will be placed onto the timeline using the edit type you selected. You'll find a description of each edit type and how to use them in the DaVinci Resolve manual.

A faster way to add clips to your edit is by dragging them from the media pool and dropping them directly onto the timeline where you can adjust your in and out points, position your clips, try different plug in effects, titles, and more. This particular workflow is like using the timeline as an artist's palette.



The 'edit' page. You can trim your clips, change their order, move them around and add transitions between them using the timeline editor.

Trimming Clips

When editing clips you'll want to trim them to include only the specific actions you want in each shot. There are various ways, but the easiest is to adjust the clips' in and out points on the timeline:

- 1 After adding clips to your timeline, hover your mouse pointer over the start of a clip until the pointer becomes a 'trim' icon.
- 2 When the 'trim' icon appears, click on the start of your clip and drag it forwards or backwards to trim the in point. Watch the timeline monitor as you trim to find the edit point.
- 3 Now click and drag the end of your clip to adjust the out point.

The zoom slider is located above the timeline, to the right of the tools that are centered in the toolbar. By dragging the slider left and right you can zoom in and out of your timeline to make fine adjustments.

Turning the 'snapping' feature off is handy when fine tuning edits, but it's a helpful feature to keep your clips held tightly against each other, so it's worth turning back on once you're done. Press the 'N' key to quickly turn snapping on or off.



The 'edit' page. You can trim your clips, change their order, move them around and add transitions between them using the timeline editor.

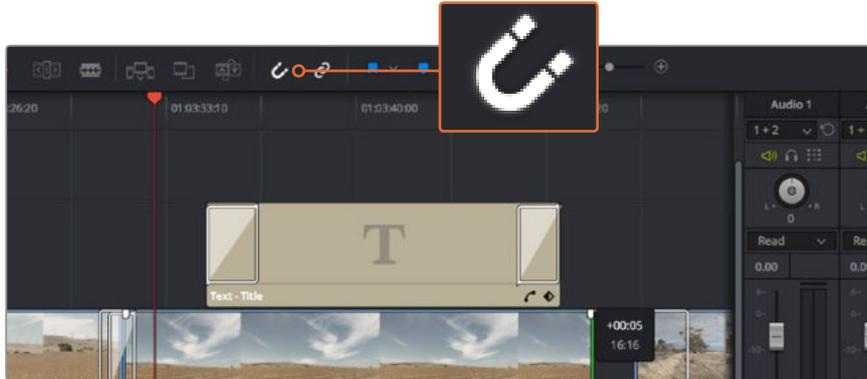
Mapping Keyboard Shortcuts

If you are familiar with keyboard shortcuts using other editing software, you can easily map your own in DaVinci Resolve to increase speed and optimise your workflow.

To map your own keyboard shortcuts:

- 1 Click on the project setting 'gear' icon at the bottom right of your DaVinci workspace, then select 'keyboard mapping' from the settings list.
- 2 Select the shortcut you want to change from the categories provided, for example timeline cut and paste shortcuts will be in the 'edit' category.
- 3 Click on the shortcut once to highlight the setting. Double click on the shortcut to enable the change.

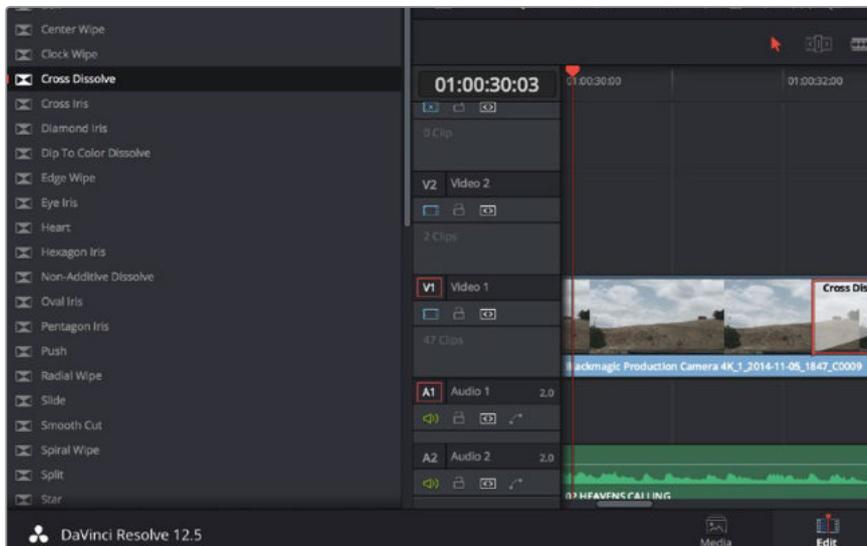
- 4 Press your new shortcut keys on the keyboard. If you make a mistake you can easily undo the change by clicking the 'undo' icon next to the setting.
- 5 Click 'save' to confirm your new shortcut setting.



Trim your clips by dragging their start and end points left or right. The 'snapping' feature can be turned off when making fine adjustments.

Adding Transitions

A transition is a visual effect used to bridge one clip to another in a pleasing way, for example dissolves, wipes, dips to color, and more. These can add a layer of excitement to your edit. Transitions don't always have to be joining two clips, for example you can apply a dissolve transition to the end of one clip to create a quick and easy fade to black.

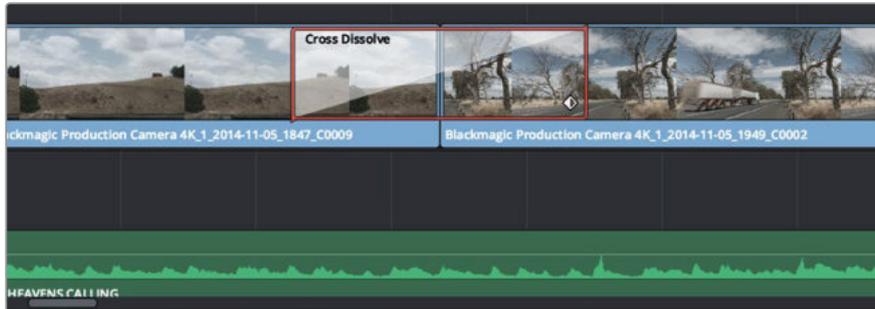


The transitions palette contains many types of transition effects.

To add a dissolve transition between two clips:

- 1 Make sure there are two clips edited right next to one another on the timeline. Click the 'effects library' button in the UI toolbar at the top of the 'edit' page, and make sure the 'toolbox' panel is open.
- 2 Click on the 'cross dissolve' transition, drag it to your timeline and hover it over the edit point between two clips. You'll see the mouse pointer highlight both the end section of the first clip, and the start of the second. Drop the transition onto the clips. It's important both clips have enough length before and after their edit points to make room for the dissolve.

You now have a smooth transition mixing from one clip to the other. If you want to adjust the length of the transition you can lengthen or shorten its start and end point using a similar approach to trimming a clip. Hover your mouse pointer over the start or end of the transition until the transition 'trim' icon appears, then drag it left or right.



Simply drag and drop transitions between adjoining clips.

Adding Titles

It's easy to create titles for your edit. You can place a title on any video track just as you would a clip. If you run out of tracks you can easily add new ones by right clicking next to an existing track name and selecting 'add track'.

To create a title:

- 1 Scroll down towards the middle of the toolbox in the 'effects library' located underneath the media pool and you'll see the 'titles' generators. Use the scroll bar to reveal more 'titles' options.
- 2 Drag and drop a text title on the empty video track above the clip you want the title to appear. You can even drop your title next to a clip on Video 1 if you just want it to appear over black. To see the title, make sure the timeline playhead is on the title.
- 3 Double click on the title clip. The 'inspector' will appear showing you the settings for your title. Type your title into the 'text' field.

You can choose from a variety of fonts and adjust the appearance of your title by changing settings such as color, size, alignment, position, and more. Transitions can be added to titles, just like they can for clips.



Drag a title type from the 'titles' palette and drop it on an empty track.

Adding Audio Tracks

If you want to mix a large sound edit with lots of sound effects and music, you can easily add more audio tracks when you need them.

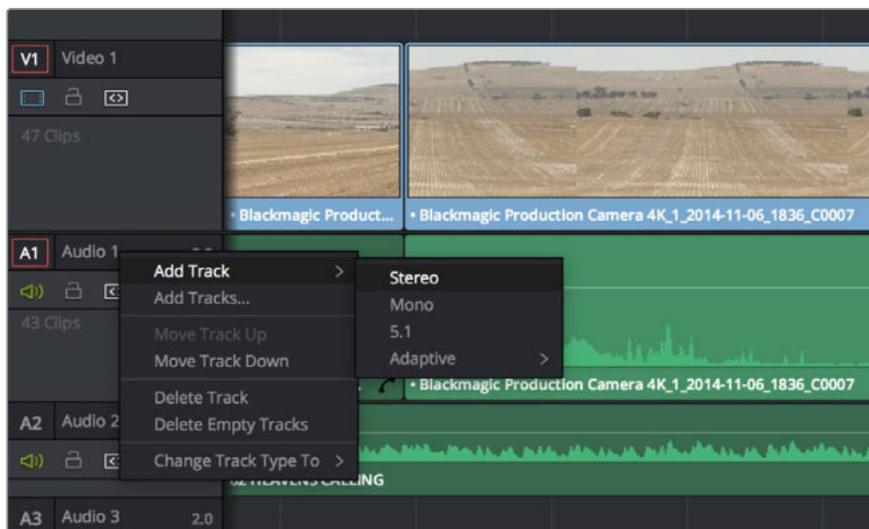
To add an audio track:

- 1 Right click next to the name of the last audio track on your timeline and select 'add track'.
- 2 Select the type of audio track you want, such as stereo, mono, 5.1 or adaptive.

Your new audio track will appear on the timeline.

This can be handy when you want to separate your audio elements into individual tracks for a sound mix, for example voice, sound effects, and music.

Refer to the DaVinci Resolve manual for more information on how you can use all the powerful editing tools.



To add a new audio or video track, right click next to a track name and select 'add track'. For audio, select the track type you want.

Color Correcting your Clips

Once you have edited your sequence of clips, you can start color correcting. This is best begun after you have finished editing your sequence so you can maintain a consistent look, but part of the fun of DaVinci Resolve is being able to move between the edit and color page to make fine adjustments and discover new creative choices.



With the 'color' page you get absolute control over the look of your clips.

First, click on the 'color' tab to open the 'color' page.

You'll see the color wheels, curves palettes and general color correction tools as well as the preview and nodes window. Don't feel overwhelmed by the vast array of features in front of you, they are all there to help you get the most amazing looking pictures. The DaVinci Resolve manual will show you exactly what the tools are for and how to use them in easy to follow steps. You'll learn the same techniques the professionals use in high end color correction facilities.

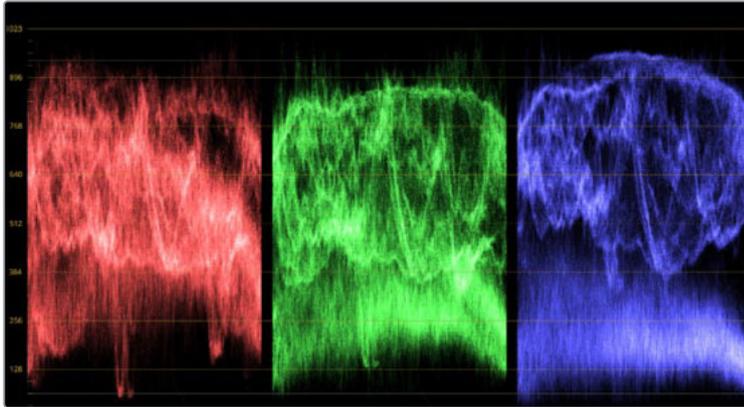
Generally, the first thing you'll want do is optimize the shadows, mid tones and highlights in your clips. In other words adjust the 'lift', 'gamma' and 'gain' settings. This will help get your pictures looking their brightest and best with a clean, uniform starting point from where you can begin grading the 'look' of your film.

Using Scopes

Most colorists make creative color choices by focusing on the emotion and the look they want their program to have and then simply work using the monitor to achieve that look. You can look at everyday objects and how different types of light interact with them to generate ideas on what you can do with your images with a little practice.

Another way to color grade is to use the built in scopes to help you balance shots. You can open a single video scope by clicking the 'scope' button, which is the second from the right on the palette toolbar. You can choose to display a waveform, parade, vectorscope and histogram. Using these scopes you can monitor your tonal balance, check the levels of your video to avoid crushing your blacks and clipping the highlights, plus monitor any color cast in your clips.

The 'color wheels' palette contains the 'lift', 'gamma' and 'gain' controls which will generally constitute your first adjustment. These should resemble controls you've seen in other applications for doing color and contrast adjustments. For more accurate control of each color using a mouse, you can change the color wheels to 'primaries bars' which let you adjust each color and luminance channel for the lift, gamma and gain controls separately. Simply select 'primaries bars' from the drop down menu near the top right of the color wheels.



The parade scope helps you optimize highlights, mid tones and shadows.



The 'lift', 'gamma', 'gain' and 'offset' color wheels give you total control over the color and tonal balance of your clips. To make a uniform adjustment to all colors for each tonal region, drag the dial underneath the color wheels back and forth.

1 Adjusting the 'lift'

With your first clip selected on the color timeline, click on the 'lift' dial underneath the first color wheel. Slide it back and forth and watch how it affects your image. You'll see the brightness of the dark regions of your picture increase and decrease. Set it to where you want the dark areas to look their best. If you decrease the lift too much, you'll lose details in the blacks and you can use the parade scope to help avoid this. The optimal position for blacks on the waveform is just above the bottom line of the parade scope.

2 Adjusting the 'gain'

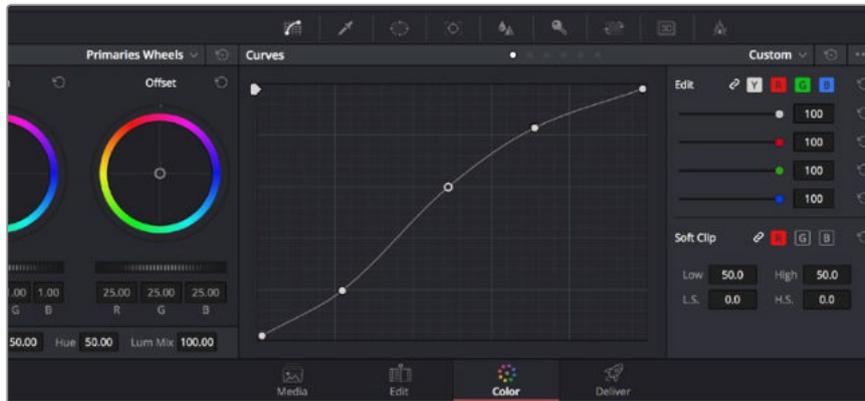
Click on the 'gain' dial and slide it back and forth. This adjusts the highlights which are the brightest areas of your clip. The highlights are shown on the top section of the waveform on the parade scope. For a brightly lit shot, these are best positioned just below the top line of the waveform scope. If the highlights rise above the top line of the waveform scope, they will clip and you will lose details in the brightest regions of your image.

3 Adjusting the 'gamma'

Click on the 'gamma' dial underneath the color wheel and slide it back and forth. As you increase the gamma you'll see the brightness of the image increase. Notice the middle section of the waveform will also move as you adjust the gamma. This represents the mid tones of your clip. The optimal position for mid tones generally falls between 50 to 70% on the waveform scope. However, this can be subjective based on the look you are creating and the lighting conditions in the clip.

You can also use the curves palette to make primary color corrections. Simply click to create control points on the diagonal line inside the curve graph, and drag them up or down to adjust the master RGB contrast at different areas of image tonality. The optimum points to adjust are the bottom third, mid, and top third of the curve line.

There are many more ways of doing primary color correction in DaVinci Resolve. Check the DaVinci Resolve manual to learn how to use them all.



The curves palette is another tool you can use to make primary color corrections, or enhance specific areas of your clip when using a power window.

Secondary Color Correction

If you want to adjust a specific part of your image then you need to use secondary corrections. The adjustments you have been doing up until now using the color wheels and lift, gamma and gain adjustments affect the whole image at the same time and so they are called primary color corrections.

However if you need to adjust specific parts of your image, say for example you wanted to improve the color in the grass in a scene, or you wanted to deepen the blue in a sky, then you can use secondary corrections. Secondary color corrections are where you select a part of the image and then adjust just that part. With nodes, you can stack multiple secondary corrections so you can keep working parts of your image until everything is just right! You can even use windows and tracking to allow the selections to follow movement in your images.

Qualifying a Color

Often you'll find a specific color in your clip can be enhanced, for example grass by the side of a road, or the blue in a sky, or you may need to adjust color on a specific object to focus the audience's attention on it. You can easily do this by using the HSL qualifier tool.



Use the HSL qualifier feature to select specific colors in your image. This is handy when you want to make areas of your image 'pop', to add contrast, or to help draw the audience's attention to certain areas of your shot.

To qualify a color:

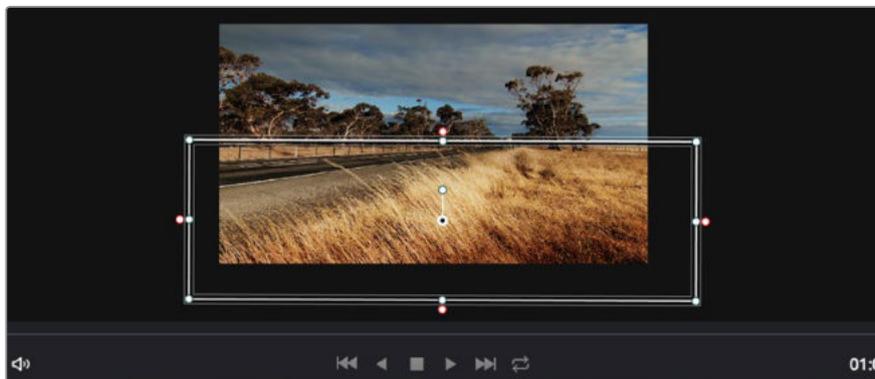
- 1 Add a new serial node.
- 2 Open the 'qualifier' palette and make sure the 'color range' sample eyedropper tool is selected.
- 3 Click on the color in your clip you want to affect.
Usually you'll need to make some adjustments to soften the edges of your selection and limit the region to only the desired color. Click on the 'highlight' button to see your selection.
- 4 Adjust the 'width' control in the 'hue' window to broaden or narrow your selection.

Experiment with the high, low and softness controls to see how to refine your selection. Now you can make corrections to your selected color using the color wheels or custom curves.

Sometimes your selection can spill into areas of the shot you don't want to affect. You can easily mask out the unwanted areas using a power window. Simply create a new window and shape it to select only the area of color you want. If your selected color moves in the shot, you can use the tracking feature to track your power window.

Adding a Power Window

Power windows are an extremely effective secondary color correction tool that can be used to isolate specific regions of your clips. These regions don't have to be static, but can be tracked to move with a camera pan, tilt or rotation, plus the movement of the region itself. For example, you can track a window on a person in order to make color and contrast changes just to that person without affecting his/her surroundings. By making corrections like this you can influence the audience's attention on areas you want them to look at.



Use power windows to mask out areas you don't want to be affected by the HSL qualifier secondary adjustments.

To add a power window to your clip:

- 1 Add a new serial node.
- 2 Open the 'window' palette and select a window shape by clicking on a shape icon. Your selected window shape will appear on the node.
- 3 Resize the shape by clicking and dragging the blue points around the shape. The pink points adjust the edge softness. You can position the shape by clicking the center point and moving it to the area you want to isolate. Rotate the window using the point connected to the center.

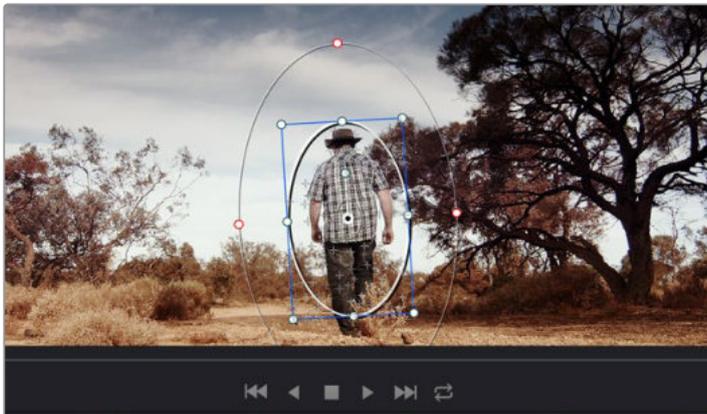
Now you can make color corrections to your image in just the area you want.



Power windows let you make secondary corrections to specific parts of your image.

Tracking a Window

The camera, object or area in your shot may be moving, so to make sure your window stays on your selected object or area, you'll need to use DaVinci Resolve's powerful tracking feature. The tracker analyzes the pan, tilt, zoom and rotation of the camera or object in your clip so you can match your windows to that movement. If this isn't done, your correction can move off the selected target and call attention to itself, which you probably don't want.



You can track objects or areas in your clip using the tracker feature so power windows can follow the action.

To track a window to a moving object:

- 1 Create a new serial node and add a power window.
- 2 Go to the start of your clip and position and size the window to highlight just the object or area you want.
- 3 Open the 'tracker' palette. Select the pan, tilt, zoom, rotate, and perspective 3D settings appropriate for the movement in your clip by checking or unchecking the relevant 'analyse' checkboxes.

- 4 Click on the 'forward' arrow to the left of the checkboxes. DaVinci Resolve will now apply a cluster of tracking points on your clip and then step through the frames to analyze the movement. When the tracking is done, your power window will follow the path of the movement in your clip.

Most of the time automatic tracking is successful, but scenes can be complex and sometimes an object can pass in front of your selected area, interrupting or affecting your track. This can be solved manually using the keyframe editor. Refer to the DaVinci Resolve manual to find out more.

Using Plugins

While making secondary color corrections you can also add OpenFX plugins to create fast, interesting looks and effects using the 'color' page, or imaginative transitions and effects on your clips on the 'edit' page. OFX plugins can be purchased and downloaded from third party suppliers.



OFX plugins are a quick and easy way to create imaginative and interesting looks.

After installing a set of plugins, you can access them on the color page by opening the OpenFX inspector to the right of the 'node editor'. Simply click the 'OpenFX' button to open the OpenFX inspector, create a new serial node and drag and drop a plugin onto the new node. If the plugin has editable settings, you can adjust these in the adjoining 'settings' panel.

In the 'edit' page you can add plugin generators and transitions to clips by opening the 'OpenFX' panel in the 'effects library' and dragging your selected plugin onto the video track above your clip on the timeline.

Mastering your Edit

So now you've edited, color corrected and graded your clips you'll want to export a render of your edit in the 'deliver' page. This page lets you select the range of clips you want to export, plus the format, codec and resolution you want. You can export in many types of formats such as QuickTime, AVI, MXF and DPX using codecs such as 8-bit or 10-bit uncompressed RGB/YUV, ProRes, DNxHD, H.264 and more.

To export a single clip of your edit:

- 1 Click on the 'deliver' tab to open the deliver page.
- 2 Go to the 'render settings' window on the top left of the page. In the 'format' settings, select 'single clip'. You can now choose from a number of export presets, for example YouTube, Vimeo and audio presets, or you can set your own export settings manually by leaving it set to the default 'custom' preset and entering your own parameters. For this example, select YouTube, then click on the arrow next to the preset and select the 1080p video format.

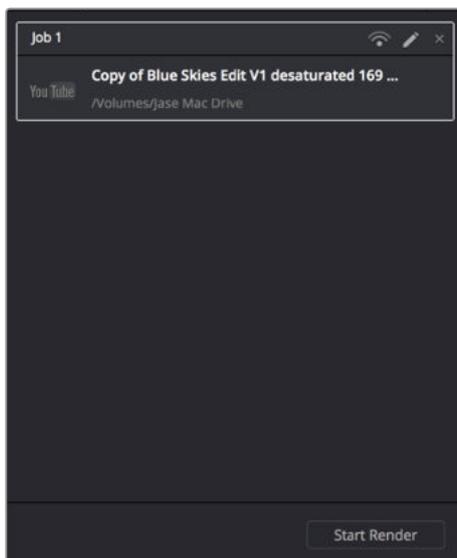
- 3 The frame rate will be locked to your project frame rate setting.
- 4 Underneath the presets you will see the timeline filename and the target location for your exported video. Click the 'browse' button and choose the location where you want to save your exported file.
- 5 Immediately above the timeline, you'll see an options box with 'entire timeline' selected. This will export the entire timeline, however you can select a range of the timeline if you want to. Simply choose 'in/out range' and then use the 'i' and 'o' hot key shortcuts to choose the in and out points in your timeline.
- 6 Go to the bottom of the 'render settings' and click on the 'add to render queue' button.



The 'deliver' page is where you export your edit. You can select from many different video formats and codecs

Your render settings will be added to the render queue on the right side of the page. Now all you have to do is click 'start render' and monitor the progress of your render in the render queue.

When your render is complete you can open the folder location, double click on your new rendered clip and watch your finished edit.



After adding your render settings to the render queue, click the 'start render' button to export your edit.

Developer Information

Blackmagic HyperDeck Ethernet Protocol

Version 1.3

The Blackmagic HyperDeck Ethernet Protocol is a text based protocol accessed by connecting to TCP port 9993 on HyperDeck Studio models that have a built in Ethernet connection. If you are a software developer you can use the protocol to construct devices that integrate with our products. Here at Blackmagic Design our approach is to open up our protocols and we eagerly look forward to seeing what you come up with!

Protocol Commands

Command	Command Description
help or ?	Provides help text with all commands and parameters.
remote	Queries the state of HyperDeck's remote control mode.
remote: enable: true	Enables remote control.
remote: enable: false	disables remote control.
remote: override: true	Turns remote override on.
remote: override: false	Turns remote override off.
quit	Disconnects HyperDeck server.
ping	Determines HyperDeck server is responding.
preview: enable: true	Switches to HyperDeck preview mode.
preview: enable: false	Switches to HyperDeck output mode.
play	Starts playback all remaining clips on the timeline then stop.
play: speed: {% normal speed}	Starts playback at a specified speed in percentage between -1600 and 1600.
play: loop: true	Starts playback in looping fashion.
play: single clip: true	Starts playback the remaining of the current clip then stop.
record	Starts recording.
record: name: "{clip name}"	Starts recording a clip using a specified clip name.
stop	Stops playback or recording.
goto: clip id: {clip ID}	Goes to start of specific clip.
goto: clip: {"start", "end"}	Goes to start or end of current clip.
goto: timeline: {"start", "end"}	Goes to start of first clip or end of last clip.
goto: timecode: {timecode}	Goes to specified timecode
goto: timecode: {"+", "-"} {duration in timecode}	Moves forward or back a duration in timecode
commands	Lists all supported commands in an XML format.
notify	Queries the current state of all notifications.
notify: transport: true	Enables transport notifications.
notify: transport: false	Disables transport notifications.

Command	Command Description
notify: slot: true	Enables slot notifications.
notify: slot: false	Disables slot notifications.
notify: remote: true	Enables remote notifications.
notify: remote: false	Disables remote notifications.
notify: configuration: true	Enables configuration notifications.
notify: configuration: false	Disables configuration notifications.
device info	Provides information about the connected device.
slot info	Provides information about the current active slot.
slot info: slot id: {slot ID}	Provides information about a specified slot.
clips get	Provides information for each available clip.
transport info	Provides information for the state of the transport.
configuration	Queries the current configuration.
configuration: video input: {“SDI”, “HDMI”, “component”}	Configures video input.
configuration: audio input: {“embedded”, “XLR”, “RCA”}	Configures audio input.
configuration: file format: {File format}	Configures current file format.
slot select: video format: {Video format}	Reloads timeline with all clips of the specified video format.
slot select: slot id: {slot ID}	Switches to the specified slot.

Command Combinations

You can combine the parameters into a single command, for example:

```
play: speed: 200 loop: true single clip: true
```

Or for configuration:

```
configuration: video input: SDI audio input: XLR
```

Or to switch to the second disk, but only play NTSC clips:

```
slot select: slot id: 2 video format: NTSC
```

Using XML

While you can use the Terminal to talk to HyperDeck, if you are writing software you can use XML to confirm the existence of a specific command based on the firmware of the HyperDeck you are communicating with. This helps your software user interface adjust to the capabilities of the specific HyperDeck model and software version.

Protocol Details

Connection

The HyperDeck Ethernet server listens on TCP port 9993.

Basic syntax

The HyperDeck protocol is a line oriented text protocol. Lines from the server will be separated by an ASCII CR LF sequence. Messages from the client may be separated by LF or CR LF.

New lines are represented in this document as a "↵" symbol.

Command syntax

Command parameters are usually optional. A command with no parameters is terminated with a new line:

```
{Command name}↵
```

If parameters are specified, the command name is followed by a colon, then pairs of parameter names and values. Each parameter name is terminated with a colon character:

```
{Command name}: {Parameter}: {Value} {Parameter}: {Value} ...↵
```

Response syntax

Simple responses from the server consist of a three digit response code and descriptive text terminated by a new line:

```
{Response code} {Response text}↵
```

If a response carries parameters, the response text is terminated with a colon, and parameter name and value pairs follow on subsequent lines until a blank line is returned:

```
{Response code} {Response text}:↵  
{Parameter}: {Value}↵  
{Parameter}: {Value}↵  
...  
↵
```

Successful response codes

A simple acknowledgement of a command is indicated with a response code of 200:

```
200 ok↵
```

Other successful responses carry parameters and are indicated with response codes in the range of 201 to 299.

Failure response codes

Failure responses to commands are indicated with response codes in the range of 100 to 199:

```
100 syntax error  
101 unsupported parameter  
102 invalid value  
103 unsupported  
104 disk full  
105 no disk  
106 disk error  
107 timeline empty  
109 out of range  
110 no input  
111 remote control disabled  
120 connection rejected  
150 invalid state
```

Asynchronous response codes

The server may return asynchronous messages at any time. These responses are indicated with response codes in the range of 500 to 599:

```
5xx {Response Text}:↵  
{Parameter}: {Value}↵  
{Parameter}: {Value}↵  
↵
```

Connection response

On connection, an asynchronous message will be delivered:

```
500 connection info:↵
  protocol version: {Version}↵
  model: {Model Name}↵
↵
```

Connection rejection

Only one client may connect to the server at a time. If other clients attempt to connect concurrently, they will receive an error and be disconnected:

```
120 connection rejected↵
```

Timecode syntax

Timecodes are expressed as non-drop-frame timecode in the format:

```
HH:MM:SS:FF
```

Handling of deck "remote" state

The "remote" command may be used to enable or disable the remote control of the deck. Any attempt to change the deck state over ethernet while remote access is disabled will generate an error:

```
111 remote control disabled↵
```

To enable or disable remote control:

```
remote: enable: {"true", "false"} ↵
```

The current remote control state may be overridden allowing remote access over ethernet irrespective of the current remote control state:

```
remote: override: {"true", "false"} ↵
```

The override state is only valid for the currently connected ethernet client and only while the connection remains open.

The "remote" command may be used to query the remote control state of the deck by specifying no parameters:

```
remote↵
```

The deck will return the current remote control state:

```
210 remote info:↵
  enabled: {"true", "false"}↵
  override: {"true", "false"}↵
↵
```

Asynchronous remote control information change notification is disabled by default and may be configured with the "notify" command. When enabled, changes in remote state will generate a "510 remote info:" asynchronous message with the same parameters as the "210 remote info:" message.

Closing connection

The "quit" command instructs the server to cleanly shut down the connection:

```
quit↵
```

Checking connection status

The "ping" command has no function other than to determine if the server is responding:

```
ping↵
```

Getting help

The "help" or "?" commands return human readable help text describing all available commands and parameters:

```
help↵
```

Or:

```
?↵
```

The server will respond with a list of all supported commands:

```
201 help:↵
{Help Text}↵
{Help Text}↵
↵
```

Switching to preview mode

The "preview" command instructs the deck to switch between preview mode and output mode:

```
preview: enable: {"true", "false"}↵
```

Playback will be stopped when the deck is switched to preview mode. Capturing will be stopped when the deck is switched to output mode.

Controlling device playback

The "play" command instructs the deck to start playing:

```
play↵
```

The play command accepts a number of parameters which may be used together in most combinations.

By default, the deck will play all remaining clips on the timeline then stop.

The "single clip" parameter may be used to override this behaviour:

```
play: single clip: {"true", "false"}↵
```

By default, the deck will play at normal (100%) speed. An alternate speed may be specified in percentage between -1600 and 1600:

```
play: speed: {% normal speed}↵
```

By default, the deck will stop playing when it reaches to the end of the timeline. The "loop" parameter may be used to override this behaviour:

```
play: loop: {"true", "false"}↵
```

By default, the deck will start playing from the current position on the timeline. The "start" parameter may be specified to override the start-point for playback:

```
play: start: {timecode}↵
```

If loop mode is set, the playback loop will be between:

- the "start" position and the end of timeline for play forward,
- the "start" position and the start of timeline for play backward.

By default the deck will continue playing until the end of the timeline. The "end" parameter may be used to halt playback at the frame before the specified timecode:

```
play: end: {timecode}↵
```

If loop mode is set, the playback loop will be between:

- the start of timeline and the "end" position for play forward,
- the end of timeline and the "end" position for play backward.

Note that the "end" position must be:

- beyond the current/or start position on timeline for play forward,
- before the current/or start position on timeline for play backward.

The "duration" parameter may be used instead of the "end" parameter to halt playback after a duration specified in timecode format:

```
play: duration: {timecode}↵
```

These three parameters are not compatible with the "single clip" parameter.

Stopping deck operation

The "stop" command instructs the deck to stop the current playback or capture:

```
stop↵
```

Changing timeline position

The "goto" command instructs the deck to switch to playback mode and change its position within the timeline.

To go to the start of a specific clip:

```
goto: clip id: {Clip ID}↵
```

To move forward/back (count) clips from the current clip on the current timeline:

```
goto: clip id: +/-{count}↵
```

Note that if the resultant clip id goes beyond the first or last clip on timeline, it will be clamp at the first or last clip.

To go to the start or end of the current clip:

```
goto: clip: {"start", "end"}↵
```

To go to the start of the first clip or the end of the last clip:

```
goto: timeline: {"start", "end"}↵
```

To go to a specified timecode:

```
goto: timecode: {timecode}↵
```

To move forward or back a specified duration in timecode:

```
goto: timecode: {"+", "-"}{duration in timecode}↵
```

Note that only one parameter/value pair is allowed for each goto command.

Enumerating supported commands and parameters

The "commands" command returns the supported commands:

```
commands↵
```

The command list is returned in a computer readable XML format:

```
212 commands:
```

```
<commands>↵  
  <command name="..."><parameter name="...">...</command>↵  
  <command name="..."><parameter name="...">...</command>↵  
  ...  
</commands>↵  
↵
```

More XML tokens and parameters may be added in later releases.

Controlling asynchronous notifications

The "notify" command may be used to enable or disable asynchronous notifications from the server. To enable or disable transport notifications:

```
notify: transport: {"true", "false"}↵
```

To enable or disable slot notifications:

```
notify: slot: {"true", "false"}↵
```

To enable or disable remote notifications:

```
notify: remote: {"true", "false"}↵
```

To enable or disable configuration notifications:

```
notify: configuration: {"true", "false"}↵
```

Multiple parameters may be specified. If no parameters are specified, the server returns the current state of all notifications:

```
209 notify:↵  
transport: {"true", "false"}↵  
slot: {"true", "false"}↵  
remote: {"true", "false"}↵  
configuration: {"true", "false"}↵  
↵
```

Retrieving device information

The "device info" command returns information about the connected deck device:

```
device info↵
```

The server will respond with:

```
204 device info:↵
protocol version: {Version}↵
model: {Model Name}↵
unique id: {unique alphanumeric identifier}↵
↵
```

Retrieving slot information

The "slot info" command returns information about a slot. Without parameters, the command returns information for the currently selected slot:

```
slot info↵
```

If a slot id is specified, that slot will be queried:

```
slot info: slot id: {Slot ID}↵
```

The server will respond with slot specific information:

```
202 slot info:↵
slot id: {Slot ID}↵
status: {"empty", "mounting", "error", "mounted"}↵
volume name: {Volume name}↵
recording time: {recording time available in seconds}↵
video format: {disk's default video format}↵
↵
```

Asynchronous slot information change notification is disabled by default and may be configured with the "notify" command. When enabled, changes in slot state will generate a "502 slot info:" asynchronous message with the same parameters as the "202 slot info:" message.

Retrieving clip information

The "disk list" command returns the information for each playable clip on a given disk. Without parameters, the command returns information for the current active disk:

```
disk list↵
```

If a slot id is specified, the disk in that slot will be queried:

```
disk list: slot id: {Slot ID}↵
```

The server responds with the list of all playable clips on the disk in the format of: Index, name, formats, and duration in timecode:

```
206 disk list:↵
slot id: {Slot ID}↵
{clip index}: {name} {file format} {video format} {Duration timecode}↵
{clip index}: {name} {file format} {video format} {Duration timecode}↵
...
↵
```

Note that the *clip index* starts from 1.

Retrieving clip count

The "clips count" command returns the number of clips on the current timeline:

```
clips count ↵
```

The server responds with the number of clips:

```
214 clips count: ↵
clip count: {Count}↵
```

Retrieving timeline information

The "clips get" command returns information for each available clip, for a given range in timecode, on the current timeline. Without parameters, the command returns information for all clips on timeline:

```
clips get↵
```

If parameters "in: *timecode*" and "out: *timecode*" are specified, the command returns information for clips within the specified range.

If "out: " is not specified, it only returns the information of the clip containing in "in: " point.

```
clips get: in: {timecode} out: {timecode}↵
```

The server responds with a list of clip IDs, names and timecodes:

```
205 clips info:↵
clip count: {Count}↵
{Clip ID}: {Name} {Start timecode} {Duration timecode}↵
{Clip ID}: {Name} {Start timecode} {Duration timecode}↵
...
↵
```

Note that the clip list format has changed incompatibly in protocol version 1.1, i.e., *Start timecode* information field is inserted to each clip information line.

Retrieving transport information

The "transport info" command returns the state of the transport:

```
transport info ↵
```

The server responds with transport specific information:

```
208 transport info:↵
status: {"preview", "stopped", "play", "forward", "rewind",
"jog", "shuttle","record"}↵
speed: {Play speed between -1600 and 1600 %}↵
slot id: {Slot ID or "none"}↵
display timecode: {timecode}↵
timecode: {timecode}↵
clip id: {Clip ID or "none"}↵
video format: {Video format}↵
loop: {"true", "false"}↵
↵
```

The "timecode" value is the timecode within the current timeline for playback or the clip for record. The "display timecode" is the timecode displayed on the front of the deck. The two timecodes will differ in some deck modes.

Asynchronous transport information change notification is disabled by default and may be configured with the "notify" command. When enabled, changes in transport state will generate a "508 transport info:" asynchronous message with the same parameters as the "208 transport info:" message.

Video Formats

The following video formats are currently supported on HyperDeck Studio:

```
NTSC, PAL, NTSCp, PALp
720p50, 720p5994, 720p60
1080p23976, 1080p24, 1080p25, 1080p2997, 1080p30
1080i50, 1080i5994, 1080i60
```

HyperDeck Studio Pro adds supports for 4k formats:

```
4Kp23976, 4Kp24, 4Kp25, 4Kp2997, 4Kp30
```

HyperDeck Studio 12G adds support for the following 4k formats:

```
4Kp50, 4Kp5994, 4Kp60
```

Video format support may vary between models and software releases.

File Formats

The HyperDeck Studio and HyperDeck Studio Pro currently support the following file formats:

```
QuickTimeUncompressed
QuickTimeProResHQ
QuickTimeProRes
QuickTimeProResLT
QuickTimeProResProxy
```

The HyperDeck Studio Pro and HyperDeck Studio 12G additionally support the following file formats:

```
QuickTimeDNxHR220
DNxHR220
```

Supported file formats may vary between models and software releases.

Querying and updating configuration information

The "configuration" command may be used to query the current configuration of the deck:

```
configuration↵
```

The server returns the configuration of the deck:

```
211 configuration:↵
audio input: {"embedded", "XLR", "RCA"}↵
video input: {"SDI", "HDMI", "component"}↵
file format: {File format}↵
↵
```

One or more configuration parameters may be specified to change the configuration of the deck.

To change the current video input:

```
configuration: video input: {"SDI", "HDMI", "component"}↵
```

Valid video inputs may vary between models. To configure the current audio input:

```
configuration: audio input: {"embedded", "XLR", "RCA"}↵
```

Valid audio inputs may vary between models.

To configure the current file format:

```
configuration: file format: {File format}↵
```

Note that changes to the file format may require the deck to reset, which will cause the client connection to be closed. In such case, response code 213 will be returned (instead of 200) before the client connection is closed:

```
"213 deck rebooting"
```

Asynchronous configuration information change notification is disabled by default and may be configured with the "notify" command. When enabled, changes in configuration will generate a "511 configuration:" asynchronous message with the same parameters as the "211 configuration:" message.

Selecting active slot and video format

The "slot select" command instructs the deck to switch to a specified slot, or/and to select a specified output video format.

To switch to a specified slot:

```
slot select: slot id: {slot ID}↵
```

To select the output video format:

```
slot select: video format: {video format}↵
```

Either or all slot select parameters may be specified. Note that selecting video format will result in a rescan of the disk to reconstruct the timeline with all clips of the specified video format.

Clearing the current timeline

The "clips clear" command instructs the deck to empty the current timeline:

```
clips clear↵
```

The server responds with

```
200 ok↵
```

Adding a clip to the current timeline

The "clips add:" command instructs the deck to add a clip to the current timeline:

```
clips add: name: {"clip name"}↵
```

The server responds with

```
200 ok↵
```

or in case of error

```
1xx {error description}↵
```

Configuring the watchdog

The "watchdog" command instructs the deck to monitor the connected client and terminate the connection if the client is inactive for at least a specified period of time.

To configure the watchdog:

```
watchdog: period: {period in seconds}↵
```

To avoid disconnection, the client must send a command to the server at least every {period} seconds. Note that if the period is set to 0 or less than 0, connection monitoring will be disabled.

Help

Getting Help

The fastest way to obtain help is to go to the Blackmagic Design online support pages and check the latest support material available for your Blackmagic HyperDeck Disk Recorder.

Blackmagic Design Online Support Pages

The latest manual, software and support notes can be found at the Blackmagic Design support center at www.blackmagicdesign.com/support.

Blackmagic Design Forum

The Blackmagic Design forum on our website is a helpful resource you can visit for more information and creative ideas. This can also be a faster way of getting help as there may already be answers you can find from other experienced users and Blackmagic Design staff which will keep you moving forward. You can visit the forum at <https://forum.blackmagicdesign.com>

Contacting Blackmagic Design Support

If you can't find the help you need in our support material or on the forum, please use the "Send us an email" button on the support page to email a support request. Alternatively, click on the "Find your local support team" button on the support page and call your nearest Blackmagic Design support office.

Checking the Software Version Currently Installed

To check which version of Blackmagic HyperDeck software is installed on your computer, open the About Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup window.

- On macOS, open Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup from the Applications folder. Select About Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup from the application menu to reveal the version number.
- On Windows 7, open Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup from your Start menu. Click on the Help menu and select About Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup to reveal the version number.
- On Windows 8, open Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup from the Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup tile on your Start page. Click on the Help menu and select About Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup to reveal the version number.

How to Get the Latest Software Updates

After checking the version of Blackmagic HyperDeck Setup software installed on your computer, please visit the Blackmagic Design support center at www.blackmagicdesign.com/support to check for the latest updates. While it is usually a good idea to run the latest updates, it is wise to avoid updating any software if you are in the middle of an important project.

Regulatory Notices and Safety Information

Regulatory Notices



Disposal of waste of electrical and electronic equipment within the European union.

The symbol on the product indicates that this equipment must not be disposed of with other waste materials. In order to dispose of your waste equipment, it must be handed over to a designated collection point for recycling. The separate collection and recycling of your waste equipment at the time of disposal will help conserve natural resources and ensure that it is recycled in a manner that protects human health and the environment. For more information about where you can drop off your waste equipment for recycling, please contact your local city recycling office or the dealer from whom you purchased the product.



This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this product in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at personal expense.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1 This device may not cause harmful interference.
- 2 This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Connection to HDMI interfaces must be made with shielded HDMI cables.

Safety Information

This equipment must be connected to a mains socket outlet with a protective earth connection.

To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not expose this equipment to dripping or splashing.

This equipment is suitable for use in tropical locations with an ambient temperature of up to 40°C.

Ensure that adequate ventilation is provided around the product and is not restricted.

When rack mounting, ensure the ventilation is not restricted by adjacent equipment.

No operator serviceable parts inside. Refer servicing to your local Blackmagic Design service centre.



Use only at altitudes not more than 2000m above sea level.

Warnings for Authorized Service Personnel



Disconnect power from both power inlets before servicing!

Caution- Double Pole/ Neutral Fusing



The power supply contained in this equipment has a fuse in both line and neutral conductors and is suitable for connection to the IT power distribution system in Norway.

Warranty

12 Month Limited Warranty

Blackmagic Design warrants that this product will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 12 months from the date of purchase. If a product proves to be defective during this warranty period, Blackmagic Design, at its option, either will repair the defective product without charge for parts and labor, or will provide a replacement in exchange for the defective product.

In order to obtain service under this warranty, you the Customer, must notify Blackmagic Design of the defect before the expiration of the warranty period and make suitable arrangements for the performance of service. The Customer shall be responsible for packaging and shipping the defective product to a designated service center nominated by Blackmagic Design, with shipping charges pre paid. Customer shall be responsible for paying all shipping charges, insurance, duties, taxes, and any other charges for products returned to us for any reason.

This warranty shall not apply to any defect, failure or damage caused by improper use or improper or inadequate maintenance and care. Blackmagic Design shall not be obligated to furnish service under this warranty: a) to repair damage resulting from attempts by personnel other than Blackmagic Design representatives to install, repair or service the product, b) to repair damage resulting from improper use or connection to incompatible equipment, c) to repair any damage or malfunction caused by the use of non Blackmagic Design parts or supplies, or d) to service a product that has been modified or integrated with other products when the effect of such a modification or integration increases the time or difficulty of servicing the product. THIS WARRANTY IS GIVEN BY BLACKMAGIC DESIGN IN LIEU OF ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED. BLACKMAGIC DESIGN AND ITS VENDORS DISCLAIM ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. BLACKMAGIC DESIGN'S RESPONSIBILITY TO REPAIR OR REPLACE DEFECTIVE PRODUCTS IS THE WHOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY PROVIDED TO THE CUSTOMER FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES IRRESPECTIVE OF WHETHER BLACKMAGIC DESIGN OR THE VENDOR HAS ADVANCE NOTICE OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. BLACKMAGIC DESIGN IS NOT LIABLE FOR ANY ILLEGAL USE OF EQUIPMENT BY CUSTOMER. BLACKMAGIC IS NOT LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGES RESULTING FROM USE OF THIS PRODUCT. USER OPERATES THIS PRODUCT AT OWN RISK.

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